PUBLISHED MONTHLY PRICE ANNAS 8.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways Steam Boats, and Daks, Places of Interest—Inland and along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c.
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette

No. 53,712—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY :—WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1906. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE R. A. SOCIETY

Milkmaid BRAND Milk
LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON.

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with.	Tons
Saturday, 2 P.M.				
1906				
10th Feb.	ORIENTAL	5284	INDIA	7911
17th ,,	CHINA	7912	....	....
24th ,,	PENINSULAR	6294	BRITANNIA	6525
3rd Mar.	ARABIA	7403	....	....
10th ,,	ORIENTAL	5284	MOLDAVIA	10060
17th ,,	MACEDONIA	10512	....	....
24th ,,	PENINSULAR	5294	MONGOLIA	10000
31st ,,	PERSIA	7951	....	....
7th Apl.	ORIENTAL	5284	MOOLTAN	10007
14th ,,	EGYPT	7912	....	....
21st ,,	PENINSULAR	5294	MARMORA	10509
28th ,,	CALEDONIA	7558	....	....
5th May	ORIENTAL	5284	VICTORIA	6322
12th ,,	ARABIA	7903	....	....
19th ,,	PENINSULAR	5294	HIMALAYA	6393
26th ,,	MACEDONIA	10512	....	....

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles Exmouth and London.
Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting steamer at that Port.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M. on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing.

All Passengers must attend at that place between 12 and 12-30 o'clock P.M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on Board the Mail Steamer unless so examined, and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on Board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at ports en route.

FRANK RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 30th October, 1905.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms. Berths carefully selected. SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurances effected at lowest all risks.
DRAFTS cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS on SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY.
SYDNEY	4,355	Combe	22nd Feb 1906
AUSTRALIEN	6,635	Vercoe	22nd Mar ,,
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,630	Etienne	19th Apr. ,,
YARRA	4,255	Sellier	17th May ,,
NERA	5,876	Schmitz	14th Jun. ,,

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT,
AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessel.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on or about
YARRA	4,248	Sellier	3rd March 1906
NERA	5,876	Schmitz	31st March 1906.

RETURN FARES TO AUSTRALIA.

Available for 24 months.
1st Class Rs. 735, 2nd class Rs. 535, 3rd class Rs. 295
For further Particulars apply to
P. de BURE, Agent.
5, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
FLORIO AND RUBATINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct or BRINDISI and VENICE.
(transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
D. BALDUINO	4,580	O. Canepa	15th Feb. 1906.
R. RUBATINO	4,589	M. Saporiti	15th Mar. ,,
D. BALDUINO	4,580	O. Canepa	14th Apr. ,,

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class
Single tickets	600	Rs. 352	Rs. 135
Return tickets available 2 years	900	,, 525	

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application. Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa with the Company's weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 815; 2nd Class, Rs. 625. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port en route.

BOMBAY to SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
ESCHIA	6,000	A. Cogliolo	17th Feb. 1906.
CAPRI	6,000	G. Beisito	17th Mar. ,,
ESCHIA	6,000	A. Cogliolo	17th Apr. ,,

Excellent accommodation. SALOON Fares to SINGAPORE Rs. 185, and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

F. CROCCO, Agent
Elsmby Road, No. 59.

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BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly, from Victoria Dock Wall No. 14 Shed.

Steamer	Tons	Sailing	Date	Time.	Route.—via.
LINGA	2170	Mon.	12 Feb.	11 a.m.	P'Bander & Cutch
LAMA	2170	Tues.	13 Feb.	5 p.m.	Kathiawar Ports
DWARKA	1700	Thur.	8 Feb.	10 a.m.	Cutch Mandvie
LHASA	2170	Frid.	9 Feb.	1 p.m.	(direct.)

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "MADURA," 1,953 tons, on MONDAY, 12th Feb, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire and Busreh.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,700 tons, on THURSDAY, 8th Feb, calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire and Mahomera also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR EAST AFRICA AND ADEN.

S. S. "PUTILA," 3,000 tons, on or about 24th Feb, calling at Berbera, Zanzibar, Mombasa, Lamu and Aden.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

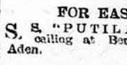
S. S. "BANCOORA," 2,917 tons, on or about 8th Feb.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand, apply to:—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents,—Bombay.
6th February, 1906.

KING, KING & CO.,
BANKERS and EAST INDIA AGENTS
BOMBAY.



PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available berths secured at lowest rates obtainable by P. and O. and all other Steamers free of charge of Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares and Handbook of information furnished by return of post on application.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Railway Officials, Missionaries and Family Parties obtained.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. and O.

Every assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for Despatch as Cargo to MESSRS. HENRY S. KING & Co., London, or MESSRS. KING, BAILLIE and Co., Liverpool.

Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on application

KING HAMILTON & Co.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORTSAID.

DIRECT LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATRIX	G. Ghezzo	4,194	1st Mar. 1906.
IMPERATOR	F. Mosca	4,119	1st Apr. ,,
IMPERATRIX	G. Ghezzo	4,194	1st May, ,,
IMPERATOR	F. Mosca	4,119	1st June ,,

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class	2nd Class	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

Takes Passengers to East African ports with transhipment at Aden.

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Capain.	Tons.	To sail on or about,
*† CHINA	A. Lova	6,000	1st March 1906
FRANZ FERDINAND	G. Matcovich	6046	20th March ,,
*† AUSTRIA	R. Colledani	7600	9th April ,,
MARQ. ACQUEHEM	A. Blaffer	4766	20th ,, ,,
*† PERSIA	P. Cragletto	5894	7th May ,,

Will call at Karachi, † Will call at Fiume

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE,

	Saloon.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENINCE	Rs. 400	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS.

1st Class Rs. 800 2nd Class Rs. 488. Saloon Rs. 600 THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards and other Routes,

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the return voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co, are issued at reduced fares.

Passengers to VENICE transhipat TRIESTE to another Steamer or the Company which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf,

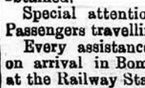
STEAM TO JAPAN VIA COLOMBO, PENANG SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer,	Captain,	Tons	To sail on or about
FILIPPO ARTELLI	A. Radonicic	5,834	28th Feb, 1906,

For further particular regarding Passages Apply to

E. SCARPA, Agent-General.
Sassoon House, 54 Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

CHEAP PASSAGES.



S. S. "MERTON HALL," SAILING from BOMBAY direct via GENOA to LONDON about February 13th.

For passage and further particulars Apply to
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THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

PERFECT FITTING SHIRTS.

DAY, DRESS, TENNIS, 6 FOR RS. 24, 30, 36.

NÉGLIGÉ, SOFT FRONTS, STIFF CUFFS,
SMART & COMFORTABLE, 3 FOR RS. 13-8, OR SIX FOR RS. 26.

BY PRACTICAL ENGLISH CUTTERS.

HOAR & CO., {THE RECORD SHIRT MAKERS.} BOMBAY.

THE HOTEL CONTINENTAL,

Nos. 9, 10, 11 & 12, CHOWRINGHEE ROAD, CALCUTTA

THIS FIRST CLASS FAMILY HOTEL, situated in the healthiest and most fashionale Europea quarter of the City, commanding a splendid view of the Maidan, fitted with every convenience and comfort, maintains, as it has always done, a high class reputation for its cuisine.

The TABLE D'HOTE is reserved for Hotel residents and their guests only.

The RESTAURANT A LA CARTE and PRIVATE TIFFIN and DINING ROOMS received special attentiou.

A large LADIES' PAVILION has been constructed with the object affording additional comfor to Ladies and their friends, where t ey can enjoy their ofternoon Tea or Ices and Light Refreshments in quieetude. Visitors are kindlp requested not to smoke in the drawing room on any acconni.

NO PUBLIC BAR KEPT.
F. A. BOSCOLO. Proprietor.

MONGINI BROTHERS
RESTAURANT
AND
CONFECTIONERY.
25-27-29, CHURCH GATE STREET,
BOMBAY.

LUNCHEONS.....from Re. 1
DINNERS.....from Rs. 2

SERVICE Á LA CARTE
LADIES & GENTLEMEN'S CLOAK ROOMS
TELEPHONE NO. 325.
Telegrams "IMOGEN" Bombay.

DEC. 1st.

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ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS,

From BOMBAY via KARACHI and SUEZ CANAL TO
LONDON (via MARSEILLES or GENOA);
LIVERPOOL and other Ports.
RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

From Bombay to	A. 1st class Surgeon and Stewardess.		B. All Steamers without Surgeon or Stewardess.		2nd Class only when steamer has 1st Class accommodation.	
	Single. Rs.	Return. Rs.	Single. Rs.	Return Rs.	Single. Rs.	Return Rs.
Suez	400	640	320	...	300	...
Port Said	425	680	320	...	300	...
Marseilles or Genoa	525	850	450	760	390	590
Liverpool	550	900	470	770	420	640
London via Marseilles (overland.)	600	1950	525	*880	450	*675
Karachi	40	..	40	...	40	...

The following Sailings are subject to alterations :—

Class.	Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing from Liverpool.	Due at Port Said about.	Due Bombay about.	Leave Bombay.
B †	City of Delhi	6000			5th Feb	12th Feb
A ‡	City of Calcutta	11600	21st ,,	3rd Feb	13th ,,	18th ,,
A †	Sutton Hall	4500	29th ,,	12th ,,	24th ,,	3rd Mar direct
A †	City of Bombay	4500	9th Feb	23rd ,,	7th Mar	27th ,,
A †	City of Manchester	9400	20th ,,	1st Mar	14th ,,	20th ,,
B †	Newby Hall	7200	26th ,,	12th ,,	24th ,,	30th ,,

* Bomay direct. † Bombay via Karachi. ‡ Express service

All the A class Steamers carry Surgeon and Stewardess and are fitted with Electric Fans and Light.

For Passage and further Particulars apply to—
Messrs. EDWARD BATES & SON'S AGENCY.
(KILLICK, NIXON & Co.),
Agents, LINES ELLERMAN OF STEAMERS
Bombay.

PRATT'S MOTOR-CAR SPIRIT.

DEODORISED NAPTHA OR GASOLINE.

BEST for Motor-Cars, Bicycles, and Tricycles: also for Naptha Lamps.
Owners of Motor-Cars, &c., should insist on getting this and no other. Can be obtained from all leading dealers in Motor-Cars. Imported by

STANDARD OIL Co. of New York,
31, Hornby Road, Bombay.

TO SMOKERS.
SOMETHING NEW
ARDATH TOBACCO'S CO.'S
Astorias, State Express in every kind and Number,
CRAVEN MIXTURE
AND
Various kinds of
EGYPTIAN AND VIRGINIA CIGARETTES
ALSO
Mild Indian and German HAVANA CIGARS
ALWAYS IN STOCK
We allow large Discount to Messes, Clubs, Hotels, &c.
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PRICE LIST on APPLICATION.
Please register your order soon AT
E. E. GOREY & CO.
NAVAL TAILORS AND CIGAR MERCHANTS,
OPPOSITE Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.,
21, HUMMUM STREET,
FORT, BOMBAY

R. SCOTT & Co. M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES AND COACH BUILDERS.
GIRGAUM AND GOWALIA TANK ROAD
Oldest Established Firm in Bombay.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and carriage Horses selected with the greatest care for Local and Up-country Constituents.

HORSES shod on the most approved principles with Shoes made on the premises of specially imported iron, under the immediate supervision of a first class ENGLISH FARRIER.

ARABS and C.-BREDS broken to Single (Rs. 15) and Double Harness (Rs. 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15) Walers broken to Single Harness or Saddle (Rs. 25) Double Harness (Rs. 50.) Troublesome horses charged extra.

HORSES standing at Livery on Commission Sale or for treatment, Rs. 35 per mensem including Syce, Stable rent charged on all horses, fed by owners, at Rs. 5 per mensem, Commission on horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Examination and Certificate Rs. 10. Verbal opinion as to Soundness, Rs. 5.

CRUSHED HORSE FOOD best in the market, Rs. 5-8 per cwt, delivered free in Bombay. Special Mixtures, Bran, Gram, Barley, New Zealand Oats, Australian Chaff, Pressed Hay, etc., supplied at lowest rates consistent with good quality.

ESTIMATES given, and Carriages of every description built of the very best materials, under personal supervision, by skilled workmen.

REPAIRS neatly executed with promptitude and despatch, Rubber tyres of finest quality only supplied, Carriages greased by contract, Satisfaction guaranteed, Correspondence invited

AS SUPPLIED TO THEIR MAJESTIES THE KING AND QUEEN.

THE "MINIMAX" HAND FIRE EXTINGUISHER

The only Efficient Extinguisher, and the reasons :

NO TAPS TO CORRODE.
NO HOSE OR RUBBER PIPING TO ROT.
NO REVERSING AT THE CRITICAL MOMENT.
ONE SIMPLE ACTION. INSTANTANEOUS RESULTS.
UNAFFECTED BY CLIMATE OR WEATHER.
AS RELIABLE 20 YEARS HENCE AS THE DAY CHARGED.

More than 75,000 sold in 2 years. Over 1,000 actual fires extinguished

INSTALLATIONS OF THE MINIMAX IN INDIA.

Government Currency Offices, Bombay and Calcutta.
Royal Bombay Yacht Club.
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Golconda Fort, Hyderabad.
Cantonment Committe, Neemuch.
The Commissioner, Dehra Ismail Khan.
Jaswant College, Jodhpore.
Warora Collieries.
Calcutta Port Trust.
Controllers Office, Calcutta,
Happy Valley Club, Mussoorie.
Officer Commanding, 20th Deccan Horse.
Offices : "Bombay Gazette."
,, "Advocate of India."
,, "English Mail."
Manockji Petit Mills.
P. & O. Company's Offices and Docks.
South British Insurance Co.
Messrs. W. & A. Graham & Co.
,, Whitesway Laidlaw & Co.
,, Dunnett & Co.
,, Hollis & Son.
,, Alex. MacKenzie & Co.
,, Beynon & Co.
,, McAlpin & Huggett.
,, Shaw, Wallace & Co.
Administrator, Chota Udaipur.
Minister of Jaora State, etc., etc.,

Rs. 37-8-0, COMPLETE WITH CHEMICAL CHARGE.

For Further Particulars apply to the Sole Agents in India :—
MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE ITALIAN STORES.
C. COLONNELLO, SON & CO.
WINES, GENERAL MERCHANTS, AND CONTRACTORS,
105, MEDOW'S STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRUYERE, PARMESAN, GORGONZOLA, AND CHEDDAR CHEESE.
MACCARONI VERMICELLI AND SOUP PASTES.
PURE WINE VINEGAR AND PURE OLIVE OIL
ALL KINDS of FRENCH, ITALIAN AND GERMAN STORES.
MARSALA ITALIA (SHERRY) highest awards wherever exhibited.
ELISIR CHINA (Calisaia Liqueur), A tonic restorative for general debility.
WALNUTS ALMONDS AND HAZELNUTS,
GRIGNOLINO CLARET (WINE) a thoroughly genuine article.
Only Rs. 10 per doz. Bottles.

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DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA
IS THE ONLY ONE
In the whole of India who has received
TWO MEDALS from the INDUSTRIAL INDIAN EXHIBITIONS FOR FEVER REMEDIES.

MALARIA ! CHALLENGE OF Rs. 5,000.

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS OR MIXTURE.
GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY BACK.

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE drives all the poisonous Malarial germs out of the body. It is truly wonderful that this dread disease can be cured so readily, but it can and that is all you need to think about. If you buy a bottle of BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE and if it does not cure your Influenza Malarious, intermittent and Bilious Fevers and mild form of Plague, let me know at once and I will refund your money. I want no man's money unless I am satisfied that Batliwalla's remedies has given him more than his money's worth. Can you blame me for being enthusiatic about the efficacy of Batliwalla's Remedies ? I have been selling them for years all over this country and in other countries. Batliwalla's Ague Mixture has attained such a high reputation in the Bombay Druggist's market that if I agree to take only one Rupee per dozen less than the market rate, I can sell one thousand dozens of it in one day only I offer a challenge of Rs. 5,000 to any one who can disprove this statement.

BATLIWALLA'S EMBIRIL TONIC PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE.

GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY BACK.

A valuable remedy in all cases of Nervous exhaustion, Melancholia, Pale Shallow complexion, Overwrought brain-work, Impotency, Constitutional weakness, Seminal emission in sleep, Early stage of Consumption, Indigestion, Impairment of understanding due to excessive indulgence and many other ailments to which the human frame is subjected. In cases of prematurely aged persons these Pills are found highly effective. They are highly recommended to all busy workers who earn their living not by muscle, but by their brains, and to students and scholars, growing boys and girls, who in addition to perhaps inheriting a feeble constitution, are educated on the modern system of cram and overwrought brainwork. These Pills have been found to be powerful and rapid restorer of mental and physical vigour. They restore tha diminished capacity for intellectual work, the loss of appetite and imperfect digestion.

PRICE Rs. 1-8 PER BOTTLE.

Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture and Batliwalla's Embiril Tonic Pills (for Pale People) may be had from TREACHER and Co., Kemp and Co., PHILLIPS and Co., BEYNON and Co., etc., etc., etc. or from the Sole Manufacturers, DR H. L. BATLIWALLA, Worli, Dadar, Bombay. Discount to the Trade.

BOMBAY GAZETTE EXCHANGE STERLING TABLE.

PRICE Rs. 2.

THE *Bombay Gazette* STERLING EXCHANGE TABLE is a small neatly bound BOOK covering all RATES in 32nds, both Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling, from 1s. 3 3-4d. to 1s. 4 29-32d. The Book will, it is found, supply a long-felt want, as since the stoppage of the free coinage of silver, rates have varied well within those given both for Demand and six months' Currency Bills, and the extensive and expensive tables in general use are now no longer required. The form adopted will also greatly facilitate the conversion of broken amounts.

The cheapest, best, and most convenient.—*Vide* Press notices.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

HARMSTON'S GRAND CIRCUS AND ROYAL MENAGERIE OF PERFORMING WILD ANIMALS.

MATINEE } TO-DAY
MATINEE } at 4 Sharp (S. T.)
Children Half Price to Matinee's only.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!

AT 9-30 P. M. (Standard Time.)
WEDNESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 7TH
FIRST HIGH JUMPING CONTEST
FOR
LOCAL HORSES and PONIES.
A Handsome Trophy will be presented to the Winner.
OUR FOURTH PROGRAMME OF CIRCUS NOVELTIES,
THE GREAT SENSATIONAL ACT OF
DIAVOLO, Looping the Loop
DIAVOLO on a Bicycle
at 10-45 p.m. nightly S. T.

GRAND MATINEE.
SATURDAY AFTERNOON, FEB., 10th.
Children HALF PRICE to MATINEES ONLY.

N. B.—The Circus tent will be thrown open nightly from 6-30 to 7-30 to allow the competing horses to get accustomed to jumping in the light.

Seats may be reserved at the Circus daily for the Boxes and Press Circle chairs between the hours of 10 A.M. and 2 P.M. and 4 to 6-30 P.M.

MADAME HARMSTON-LOVE ...Proprietress.
COL. BOB LOVE .....Manager.
R. ALTON.....Agent.

CINEMATOGRAPH EXHIBITION.

CRUICKSHANK ROAD.
[ENTIRE CHANGE OF PICTURES.]
THREE REPRESENTATIONS EACH EVENING.

[PROGRAMME NO. 1 FROM 7 TO 8 P. M.
PROGRAMME NO. 1 FROM 9-30 TO 10-30

"Where is my Horse".....	Picture 115 feet.
"The Acrobatic Elephant"	150 feet.
"The Custom House Search" ...	115 feet.
"The Christmas Goose"	165 feet.
"The Phenomenal Hen"	210 feet.
"A Cheeky Traveller"	135 feet.
"The Pashas Nightmare"	250 feet.
"Three Phases of the Moon" ...	150 feet.
"Fire Cascades"	130 feet.
"The Young Tramps"	700 feet.

PROGRAMME No. 2 FROM 8 to 9 P.M.

"An Impatient Customer"	100 feet.
"Brazillian Dance"	130 feet.
"School boys practical Joke"...	120 feet.
"The Wig"	130 feet.
"A bad Joke"	80 feet.
"The Hairdressers Victim"	70 feet.
"Room please"	70 feet.
"The Troublesome Fishbone ...	100 feet.
"The Motor Car and the Cripple".	130 feet.
"My Neighbours Lamp"	130 feet.
"Kids Practical Jokes"	100 feet.
"Vendetta"	700 feet.

ADMISSION to each Representation 1st Class, One Rupee,—2nd class 8 annas, 3rd Class 4 Annas.

THE BOMBAY
FLOWER SHOW.
WILL BE HELD AT
MALABAR HILL

ON TUESDAY, THE 27TH, AND WEDNESDAY, THE 28TH, FEBRUARY, 1906.

Exhibitors are reminded that entries close on the 20th February.

Entry forms will be supplied on application to the Honorary Secretaries,

A. M. TODD, Esq., The Ridge, Malabar Hill.
T. W. CUFFE, Esq., Powai Road. ,,

BOMBAY CLUB.

THE HALF YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the members of the Club will be held in the Club House on WEDNESDAY the 28th February, 1906, at 6-30 p.m. Standard Time.

HARRY W. WILLIAMS.,
Honorary Secretary.

25th January, 1906.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 43 of 1904.

BOMANJI SHAPURJI CHOTHIA .....Plaintiff,
vs,
NARBADABAI wife of GOVINDJI LALJI, Bumbai widow of Hirjee Jiva, the said GOVINDJI LALJI and the Advocate-General of Bombay .....Defendants

PURSUANT to the Decree Absolute for Sale made in the above Suit and bearing date the 13th day of October, 1905, and the Order date 12th September, 1905, the following immovable property will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court through Messrs. Bennett and Company, Auctioneers, on the premises on WEDNESDAY the 28th day of February, 1906, at the hour of Three o'clock, Bombay Time, in the afternoon,

PARTICULARS.

All the right, title and interest of the Plaintiff and of the Defendants above named in all that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuage tenement or building standing thereon, situate lying and being at 2nd Pasta Lane, Lower Parel in the registration sub-district of Bombay registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 1 New No. E 25-1-2686, Old survey No. B-257 and New survey No. 2 M-2964 standing in the name of Sir Dinsha Manekjee Petit, Bart. and Mr. Nusserwanji Manekji Petit and assessed by the Municipality under A Ward No. 135 and Street No. 22 standing in the name of Jiva Bhoja and containing by admeasurement three hundred and seventy-one square yards and six-ninths of another square yard or the same little more or less and bounded as follows:—that is to say on or towards the East by the property of Hamraj Jetha and Kanji Hamraj, on or towards the West by the property of Mahomedbhai Rowji, on or towards the South by the Road to Beach and on or towards the North by the said 2nd Pasta Lane,

For further particulars and conditions of Sale application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Mr. Manchershaw B. Chothia, Attorney for the Palntiff abovenamed at No. 57 Esplanade Road, Fort Bombay—Dated this 9th day of January, 1906.

A. K. OLIVER,
Commissioner.

FOR SALE

10-12 H. P. "MENDELSSOHN" MOTAR CAR,

PRACTICALLY NEW DOUBLE CYLINDER, Tonneau body New Hood, and running very smooth. Used for only four months. To be disposed off as the Owner is going in for a bigger Car.

For prices, etc., apply to

GOVINDJI MADHOWJI & Co.,
"6 Hummum Street, Fort,
Bombay."

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

PROFITS & INCOME INSURANCE CO., LTD., OF LONDON.

MILL AGENTS and others desirous of information regarding the INSURANCE of PROFITS, FIXED CHARGES, &c., will receive full particulars on application to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Managing Agents,
Bombay and Madras Presidencies.

BOMBAY HORSE AND DOG SHOW.

OWNERS are reminded that First Entries at Rs. 3 each ENTRY CLOSE on SATURDAY, February 10th. Second Entries at Rs. 5 each ENTRY CLOSE on TUESDAY, February 13th. For Prospectuses apply to

THE HONORARY SECRETARY,
28, Esplanade Road.

TOWN HALL.

BY SPECIAL REQUEST
A GRAND FAREWELL CONCERT
Will be given by
J. DORASAMI.
THE TALANTED INDIAN ARTIST
TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!
WEDNESDAY, 7TH FEBRUARY, 1906,
at 9-30 P.M., S. T.
PRICES. Rs. 4-0, Rs. 3-0 and Re. 1.
Plan at SEYMOUR DOVE & CO.,

PROGRAMME.

1. Violin Solo .. a { Improvisation.....Dorasami. b { Legende .....Wieniawski. Mr. DORASAMI.
2. Piano Solo... Sonata Moonlight C. Sharp Minor..... Beethoven. Mr. DORASAMI.
3. Song..... The Bandolero .....Leslie Stewart. Mr. G. F. HILL.
4. Violin Solo.. Concerto (Andante and Allegro.).....Menddelssohn. Mr. DORASAMI.
5. Piano Solo .. a { Scherzo .....Rubenstein. b { Pas. Des Echarpes...Chaminade. c { Gavotte .....Corellie. Mr. DORASAMI.
6. Violin Solo... Polonaise Brilliante...Dorasami. Mr. DORASAMI.
7. Song ..... Only a Flower .....Seymour Ellis. Mr. E. G. THOMAS.
8. Violin Solo... Hejre Kate .....Hubay. Mr. DORASAMI.

ACCOMPANIST Mr. SEYMOUR DOVE.
GOD SAVE THE KING.

NOTICE.

IT is hereby notified that SEPARATE LICENSES for the RETAIL SALE of OPIUM in each of TWELVE SHOPS situated in various parts of the Town and Island of Bombay for the period of one year from 1st April, 1906 to 31st March, 1907, will be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Town Custom House, Bombay, at 11-30 A. M. (Standard Time), on FRIDAY, the 9th February, 1906.

2. Information concerning the conditions of sale, forms of Licenses and situations of the several shops to be sold can be obtained at the Office of the Assistant Collector of Abkari, Town Custom House.

P. R. CADELL,
Collector of Land Revenue,
Customs and Opium.

Bombay Collector's Office
Opium Department, 13th January, 1906.

NOTICE.

RE, ESTATE OF HORMASJI PESTANJI DARJI, DECEASED.

WHEREAS HORMASJI PESTANJI DARJI, late of Bombay, a Parsi priest, died at Bombay, on or about the 24th day of January, 1905, and Letters of Administration of his property and credits were granted to his widow, NAVAJBAI, by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, on its Testamentary and Intestate Jurisdiction on the 6th day of November, 1905, All persons having any claim or interest against or in the estate of the said deceased are required to submit the same to the Undersigned Solicitors, for the said Administratrix at their Office 79, Medows Street, Fort, within a month from the date hereof after which period no claim will be considered and the estate will be wound up without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived. All persons indebted to the estate of the said deceased or having property belonging to him are required to pay their debts or hand over such property to the said Administratrix.—Dated this 6th day of February, 1905.

PESTANJI, RUSTIM AND KOLA.,
Solicitors for the Administratrix.

NOTICE.

OFFERS will be received on behalf of the Administratrix by Undersigned for the sale of the immoveable properties hereinafter described or either of them up to the 25th day of February, 1905, with a view to the winding up of the estate and effects of HORMASJI PESTANJI DARJI deceased. The Administratrix is not bound to accept any or the highest offer. For enquiry if any apply to the Undersigned at their Office 79, Medows Street, Fort.

1. All that piece of land with the dwelling house consisting of two compartments standing thereon situate on Nanabhoy Lane within the Fort, containing by admeasurement 92 2-9 Square Yards or thereabouts and bounded on the East by the Nanabhoy Lane aforesaid, on the West partly by Sir. D. M. Petit's Office and partly by Dadisheth's Agiary, on the North by a sweeper's passage and beyond that by the house of Barjorji Lashewalla, and on the South by the other house of the said Hormasji Pestanji Darji hereinafter described and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Quit and Ground Rent tenure Old No. 190, New No. 5048, Old Survey No. 1257, and New Survey No. 9395, and in the Books of the Collector and Assessor of, Municipal Rates and Taxes under A Ward Nos. 1393 and 1393 and Street Nos. 13 and 15 and which premises were formerly in the occupation of the said Hormasji Pestanji Darji, deceased and his tenants and are now in the occupation of the tenants of his Administratrix.

2. All that piece of land with the dwelling-house standing thereon situate at Nanabhoy Lane within the Fort containing by admeasurement 93 3-9th Square Yards or thereabouts and bounded on the East by the Nanabhoy Lane aforesaid, on the West and North by Sir D. M. Petit's Office, and on the South by the house of two compartments of the said Hormasji Pestanji Darji deceased, hereinabove described, and registered, in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Quit and Ground Rent tenure Old No. 190, New No. 5049, Old Survey No. 1257 and New Survey No. 9397, and in the Books of the Collector and Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A Ward No. 1391, and Street No. 14, and which premises were formerly in the occupation of the tenants of the said late Hormasji Pestanji Darji, deceased, and are now in the occupation of the tenants of his Administratrix,—Dated this 6th day of February, 1906.

PESTONJEE RUSTIM & KOLA,
Solicitors for the Administratrix.

BOOTS AND SHOES! BOOTS AND SHOES!! BOOTS AND SHOES!!!

A GREAT comfort to thousands. They should not cost you too much, Do you know where you can get them at Moderate PRICES and durable wear. Try Messrs. JOSEPH IVAN and CO., Professional shoe-makers, 13 Tamarind Lane, Fort.

FEVER DROPS. As. 4

(PROF. GAJJAR'S FORMULA.)
The BEST and CHEAPEST
Remedy for all FEVERS.

BLOOD PURIFYING SOLUTION. Re. 1

(PROF. GAJJAR'S FORMULA)
For poor or IMPURE BLOOD.

Strongly recommended for
SYPHILITIC TROUBLES,

SHARMA'S INKS.

Equal to the best Imported INKS, but CHEAPER
For Prices Samples Apply to
The SUPERINTENDENT,
T. G. LABORATORY, Girgaum, BOMBAY.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c., Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only.) Three Rans, per insertion. One Rupee, Every additional line, Eight Annas. REPLIES will be sent "BEARING unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER,—Produces a polish like new on Jewellery, Silver Goods Plate and Clear Metals, Guaranteed free from Mercury, Trial Samples gratis on application. Per tin Annas 12, per dozen Rs. 4. We recommend it.—MARKS and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona.

ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS:—We are now showing an excellent and choice selection of E.P. Ware, Cutlery, Teapicers, Tubs and Bat Glasses, Cestones, etc. Inspection invited. M. GERSHA JEE & Co., Church Gate Street, Bombay.

FOR SALE—300 LOOMS from 32" to 60" reed-space. Can be seen in thorough working order at the NEW KAISER-I-HIND MILLS, Gorapdeo, Chinchpoogly.

ONE of the Sights of Bombay.—RAJA DEEN DAYALU'S ART PHOTOGRAPHIC SALOON replete with everything that Oriental luxury and Artistic taste can suggest and Visitors will not regret an inspection of their High Class Procedure, Artistic Paintings and Enlargements, and Indian Views of places of Special Interest, Portrait Paintings in oil on Photographic Basis a speciality. Hydraulic Lift available. Tata's Nippon Buildings. Top Floor, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY a CLERK with thorough knowledge of English for the Bombay Horse and Dog Show. Apply to the Hon'ble A. HILL TREVOR, 28, Esplanade Road.

THE only reliable PIANO TUNER and Repairer is H. Kaps Piano Builder and Silver Medalist who attends personally. Terms very moderate. H. KAPS & Co., Medows Street, Fort, Piano Show Room.

COMFORTABLE HOME, in a healthy part of Belgium offered to young children of parents abroad. Special care, home comforts. Terms Moderate, Address, Mlle. NEEL, Maseyck, Belgium.

REPAIRS OF Re. 1-8 within 25 years, I take this opportunity to tell you that Singer's Sewing Machine, which I purchased 25 years ago, has required only Re. 1-8 for repairs, and it is still going strong of all parts. J. H. Gardiner. 18, Forbes Street, Bombay.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings, Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit, Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day, Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars. Brand new Billiard Tables. Dinner Re. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re 1-0-0; Breakfast As. 12. Dinners served till late hours.

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL, Elphinstone Circle opposite the Town Hall. Further extensions and renovations. Rooms airy and commodious with bath rooms attached to each. Rates from Rs. 2-8-0 to Rs. 4-0-0 per day. Special arrangements for monthly boarders and families making a prolonged stay. Cuisine a speciality.—Apply to the MANAGER.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen's Street Glasgow This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs FINLAY MUIR & Co. Bombay.

WANTED FOREIGNERS who want to learn English to talk and write. Hindustani also taught, Terms moderate. Attendance at home any time during day. Apply to Box No. 1234. Advt. Dept., "Bombay Gazette."

COTTON BUSINESS.—Cotton, and Seed, and Factory Business, Upcountry, WANT POST as Manager, or Assistant in these, for Buying Cotton, Wheat, Seeds &c, Working Factories, Pressing and Ginning, Jute, Flour, Oil, and other Mills. Have served for 20 Twenty years, as Agent to European Firms. Visited Steam Factories, and Travelled throughout India. Proficient in Opening New Stations. Also Erected and Dismantled Factories. Highest Testimonials. Address, "OOMRA," care of "Bombay Gazette."

ELECTRO PLATING in Silver, Nickel, Gold, and Bronze, of finest finish and most durable quality, undertaken by THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC COMPANY. Electrical Engineers and Platers in ordinary to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.

MESSRS. OLIVER & Co.—Only Respectable and Trustworthy Servants of all denominations supplied. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Domestic Servants. Patronized by the Officers of the Services. Army and Navy as well as the Leading Clubs and Hotels. Especially Fine Class Grooms and Chaprassies Servants for whom we guarantee. Fee, Bombay Rs. 2, and Mofussil Rs. 3 for each servant.—No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay Established. 1878

A BOON TO SUFFERING HUMANITY. SURGERY SUPERSEDED.—SURGERY not needed at all:—Thorough cures for Hydrocele, Hernia, Elephantasis, Piles, Fistula, with its horrible and maddening agonies, and all sorts of Rectum and Scrotum diseases, Fatty or windy body (reduction in such a body from 4 to 6 inches certain after 15 days' treatment) Rheumatism, Gout, Paralysis, Spermatorrhœa, Sterility, Diabetes, Dyspepsia, Nasal complaints, Leprosy and all sorts of malignant diseases are thoroughly cured by infallible and harmless vegetable medicines, Apply Dr. BALKRISHNA N. JOSHI, of Bor'es, Pardoo Bridge, near Tram Terminus, Motiwala's Chawl, Pardoo, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—A TIBETAN-ENGLISH DICTIONARY, with Sanskrit Synonyms by Sarat Chandra Das, Bal Bahadur, C.I.E., Revised and Edited under the orders of the Government of Bengal by Graham Sandver B. A., and A. William Hoyle. Apply "Q." care of "Bombay Gazette."

WM. HUTCHINSON & Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency business. 1, Trafalgar Building, Charing Cross London.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates, special terms for large contracts, Apply to the Manager "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE DESCRIPTIVE SHEET ALMANACK FOR 1901.—Only a few Copies available, Get up in a neat and an attractive style in colours on superior paper. Contains in brief valuable and useful information regarding H. E. the Governor's Personal Staff and Additional Members in Council, Gazetted Public Holidays and various departments of the Bombay Municipality, the Bombay Port Trust, the B. B. & C. I. Ry., the G. I. P. Ry., Bombay Post Office, the Steam Companies &c., Price per copy ANNAS FOUR only. Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Office, Meadow Street.

FOR SALE.—OLD MAGAZINES, of various dates, Macmillan's, The National Review, Calcutta Review &c. &c. Apply C. C., care of "Bombay Gazette."

BACK NUMBERS of THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Daily, the Weekly, and the Weekly Mail addition, when available, are supplied on the following terms:—Seven days from date of issue, 4 annas; 8 to 30 days from date of issue, 8 annas, 30 days to one year, 1 rupee and of older dates than one year from Rs. 2 per copy according to numbers available. Reference charge one Rupee.

Sing a Song of Sixpence
A Pocketful we mean
Earned in Stitching Garments
On SINGER'S SEWING MACHINE.

The maid who in the garden
Was hanging out the Clothes
Exclaimed: What lovely hems and frills
These garments do disclose.

The Queen and the millions
From high born to the low
Praise SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES,
So splendidly they sew.

But buyers must be cautious.
As counterfeits are made
And offered as the genuine.
By tricksters in the Trade.

EADE'S GOUT and RHEUMATIC PILLS,
THE CURE FOR
GOUT AND RHEUMATISM.

THE never-failing effects of EADE'S GOUT and RHEUMATIC PILLS in curing those distressingly painful diseases, have secured to them a celebrity unequalled by any medicine of past or present times. They not only give relief in a few hours where the patient has been driven almost to madness by the horrible excruciating tortures of this disease, but restore to perfect health in an inconceivably short space of time—in most cases giving relief from this miserable pain in one or two hours; one bottle will frequently carry off the attack in two or three days, even when the patient has kept his bed for as many weeks, and sometimes months.

The authenticated proofs of decided approbation, sent unsolicited to the Proprietor, from all parts of the kingdom and from all classes of society, with a rapidly increasing sale, and a demand for them at home and abroad unparalleled fully warrants the assurance that no person subject to these disorders will, after a trial, be without them.

PREPARED ONLY BY
GEORGE EADE, 232, GOSWELL ROAD, LONDON, E. C.
and sold every where in bottles, 1s. 1½d. and 2s. 9d.
Wholesale Agents for India:—Messrs. KEMP & Co., Ltd. BOMBAY.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY.
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 7th inst, at 2 p.m., Messrs BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Government Dockyard, Fort, the valuable and handsome teak and blackwood plain and carved household furniture by Roberts and others of the latest design, rich glass and crockeryware, best plateware, and solid silverware, sliding dining table and chairs, large sideboards and dumbwaiters, drawing room sofas, chairs and easy chairs, large size drawing room, cabinets, glass door almyrahs, marble-top dressing and wash-hand tables, rich oil paintings, engraving and water colour pictures, large fish bowls, parian, marble, dresden and terracotta figures, one handsome sweet-toned nearly new piano, with pianola 65 rollers myerscope with lenses, porcelain, Chinese, dresden, old China and Avata vases chest of drawers, tables ornaments, large revolving top writing table, Palanquin time-piece single and double bedstead with horse hair mattresses, Hinks and Ditmar's table, hanging and hall lamps, Singapore cane furniture, brass etching chairs, English iron-box, a large standard stove, hand and foot sewing machine, Persian and Brussels carpets, motor car a large collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, etc. etc. the property of Captain F. H. Elderton, Director of Royal Indian Marine.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF COTTON.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY the 7th inst 4-30 p.m (S.T.) Messrs BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at 28 and 30, Goldwin Rowjee Savji Road in Colaba in the Jutha and by order of Messrs Varsi Dhanji Premanand Coy. and on account and risk of Messrs Gordhandas Gokuldas Tejpal and Coy.

100 Full presses bales, Fine staples ginned Akola-Khangaum Cotton. A Deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

On FRIDAY, the 9th instant at 2 p.m. Standard Time Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Middle Colaba, opposite the Church, the valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood plain and carved household furniture of the latest design made to order by Roberts, Dadji Ganji and others, rich glass and crockeryware best plateware, dining table and chairs, drawing room sofas and chairs lined silk tapestry, sideboards and chiffoniers, drawing room cabinets, glass door almyrahs, marble top dressing and wash hand table, one handsome sweet toned square piano by Rose and Co., one handsome mother of pearl screen, official tables, revolving office chairs, lady's devenport, brass and iron single and double bedsteads, handsome flower vases and table ornaments, Hinks's and Ditmar's table and hanging lamps, rich Persian and Brussels carpets, a collection of choice and plants in tubs and pots etc., etc., the property of Capt. J. Greer 2nd Yorkshire Regiment proceeding to South Africa.

Catalogues will be published and the property is on view.

On SATURDAY, the 10th instant at 3-30 p.m., Standard Time Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods etc.

AT 2 P.M. STANDARD TIME.

1 handsome strong glass fronted miniature brougham in very good order.
1 handsome strong victoria, in very good order.
1 handsome strong palanquin office shigram, in very good order.
1 Bay Arab quiet in harness, and saddl .
1 grey pony quiet in harness

On SUNDAY, the 11th instant, at 2 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Parel, near the Tram Terminus, and opposite the Morarji Mill in the Lal Bungalow where the kit has been removed for sale, the valuable and handsome teak and black wood household furniture, rich glass and crockeryware, best plateware by Reed and Barton, drawing-room suits of sofas, chairs, large cabinets, table ornaments, dining table and chairs, single and double bedsteads, marble-top dressing and washstands, tables, large glass door almyrahs, one English iron-box with refrigerator, rich velvet pile carpets, one large revolving top writing table, oilpaintings, oleographs and water colours (a frame), hanging and table lamps, one rosewood piano-grand piano by John Broadwood and Sons, bahadas, reclining sofas, China matting, cooking utensils &c. &c.

The property of W. Warwick Esq., Engineer, Jacob Sassoon's Mill.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

The property of another Gentleman—
1 Gray waller mare, 15 hands, good condition, quiet to ride and drive will be sold at 3 p.m.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY at the corner of Military Square and Rutherfield Street, Fort.

Under instructions from the executor of the late Mr. Jacob Isac David, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will, on THURSDAY the 1st March next, at 4 p. m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction, on the premises, the following very valuable landed property:

All that piece or parcel of quit and ground rent tenure ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon situate, lying and being on the corner of Military Square and Rutherfield Street, within the Fort of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 282 square yards or thereabouts, and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue and as No. 7, Old Survey No. 1437 and New Survey No. 945, and bounded as follows:—That is to say: On or towards the east by the property of the late Mr. Silas C. Sassoon, on the west by the public street called Rutherfield Street on the north by the public road called Military Square Road and the said premises are now occupied by the tenants of the vendor.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the Undersigned,

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 7th February, 1906.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
NO. 7, MARINE STREET.

THE SALE of Woollen and Cotton piece goods advertised to take place TO-DAY at Jackeria Majid, is POSTPONED until further intimation.

SALE of remaining 5 pieces of Khaki Rice fields at Erla Parla between Andheri and Santa Cruz in Salsette.

Under instructions from N. C. Macleod Esq. Official Assignee and Assignee of the Estate of Balubhai Sakalchand, an insolvent, Messrs CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction on SUNDAY the 11th instant at 4 p.m. (Bombay Time) on the premises the remaining 5 pieces of Khaki Rice fields, situate between Andheri and Santa Cruz measuring 65 ganthas or about 8,000 square yards and bearing Survey Nos. 9,2021, 22 and 23.

Each plots will be sold separately. For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the under signed.

BONAFIDE SALE.

Under instructions from the President, Regimental Institute 2nd Alexandra, P. W. O. Yorkshire, Regt., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on TUESDAY the 13th instant, at 2 p.m. (S.T.), on the open space in front of the Ba racks, Upper Colaba, a miscellaneous lot of things belonging to the abovenamed regiment consisting of 2 billiard tables with balls, cues, boards, cue racks and rests and other accessories carpenter's tools, forge, chairs, lamps, coffee shop material, library room furniture and sundries, glassware, lamps, clocks, matting mugs jugs and other sundry articles.

Also 1 "Fahim" Ca sunset Arab Entire aged 11 years good polo pony and pig sticker, nice jumper, never sick or sorry, good trapper.

1 "Khan" Bay C. B. Kathia war Entire, rising 4 trained to stick and ball, jumps well, a likely young stock sound.

1 bay C. B. horse, aged 5, sound, chairs, lamps, coffee shop
The above will be on new 2 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, 7th February, 1903.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

THE TWO FAVORITES.

KING'S LIQUEUR WHISKY,

TENNENT'S PILSENER BEER.

Of all dealers, or of

ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co., LD., BOMBAY,

SOLE AGENTS.

INSURANCES.

Guarantees Against Embezzlement.

INDIAN GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION.

HEAD OFFICE, ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
Funds in Government Securities only and remain in India.

THE Association provides Security for the Intromission and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to

R. PATERSON BROWN,
Secretary.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 2 Pages of the "Full Mail Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders, &c. Indian Subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of postage. English Subscription Rs. 15 per year including Postage.

DEWJEE GANJEE & Co.—Teakwood and Bamboo Plain and Inlaid Furniture of English Design of made to Order.—Chowpatty No. 2.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...£1,200,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £600,000
RESERVE FUND.....£525,000

HEAD OFFICE:
7, BISHOPSGATE STREET WITHIN LONDON, E.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Delhi,	Cawnpore,	Tuticorin,
Lahore,	Bombay,	Colombo,	Zanzibar.
Amritsar,	Madras	Mandalay,	Mombassa.
Karrachee,	Rangoon,	Nuwara Eliya,	Nairobi.
Steamer Point, Aden.		Kandy.	Chittagong.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

HARRY S. JOHNSTON,
Acting Manager.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

FISCAL AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA IN CHINA AND THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Capital paid up..... Gold $3,250,000·00
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits..... Gold $3,332,200.55

LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House, Bishopgate Str. Within, E.C.

BRANCHES.

Bombay.	Manila.	Singapore.
Calcutta.	City of Mexico.	San Francisco.
Hongkong.	Shangai,	Washington, D. C
Kobe.	Yokohama,	Canton
Cebu.	Penang.	Monterey.

Panama.

THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened, and FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months or shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

F. H. SUTTON,
Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42/48, Church Gate Street.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL £1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£1,125,000
PAID UP CAPITAL.....£562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £562,500
RESERVE FUNDS.....£110,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, KURRACHEE, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, PENANG HONGKONG and SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at: Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.,

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL..... Yen 24,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... ,, 18,000,000
ORDINARY RESERVE FUND.. ,, 9,940,000
SPECIAL RESERVE FOR SILVER FUNDS ..... ,, 800,000

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA,
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

London,	Shanghai,	Port Arthur,	Kobe,
Lyons,	Hongkong.	Mukden.	Osaka.
New York.	Tientsin	Tairen.	Tokyo.
San Francisco.	Peking.	Chefoo.	Nagasaki.
Honolulu.	Newchang.	Tieling.	Bombay.

LONDON BANKERS.

The Bank of England: The London Joint Stock Bank, Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld.; The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNTS, FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA,
Manager.

Albert Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (paid up) .....Rs. 15,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper) .....Rs. 20,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:
Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:
London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rate which can be ascertained on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE:—14, Rue Bergere.
LONDON 52—Threadneedle Street, E. C.
LIVERPOOL AND MANCHESTER.

CAPITAL—Frs. 1,50,000,000, (£6,000,000.)

LONDON BANKERS:—
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION OF LONDON AND SMITH'S BANK.

BRANCHES in all Principal Towns of France, Bombay Tunis, New Orleans, Melbourne, Sydney and all principal towns of Madagascar.

Current Accounts opened and fixed deposits received at terms to be ascertained on application.

Drafts and Letters of Credit issued payable at any of the Chief Commercial Towns of the World.

The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris beg to draw the attention of Travellers to its Letter of Credit Department in Paris at the Branch Office, 2, Place de l'Opera, in the very centre of the fashionable quarter of Paris, on the Boulevards facing the Grand Opera, and within easy reach of the principal Hotels, Theatres, and Shops.

Writing and Reading Rooms, Telephone, all necessary arrangements for receiving and despatching Correspondence, exchanging Money, letting Safes or parts thereof, wherein travellers can deposit valuables which they do not wish to keep in the Hotels, further, Strong Rooms for the storage of heavy luggage, etc.

Dividends, Co

FISH SEASON 1906
OYSTERS
IN PRIME CONDITION.

POMFRETS, SALMON, PRAWNS,
PACKED IN ICE AND SENT TO ANY RAILWAY STATION IN INDIA.

This being a seasonable speciality, W. B. GREEN & Co. make every necessary arrangement for the PROMPT DESPATCH of all goods ordered to ensure their arrival in good condition.

For the prevention of unnecessary delay, please address all orders direct to W. B. GREEN & Co., Apollo Bunder, Bombay.

W. B. GREEN & CO.,
PROVISION SUPPLIERS TO
H. E. THE VICEROY & OVER 300 CLUBS AND MESSES,
APOLLO BUNDER,
BOMBAY.

ACORIDINE
THE INFALLIBLE INDIGESTION CURE
Can be had of all Druggists
Rs. 1-4.

PREPARED ONLY BY
BEYNON & CO.,
BOMBAY.

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL.
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE,
Opposite the Town Hall.
Further extensions and renovations.
Rooms airy and commodious
with Bath-rooms attached to each.
Rates from Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 4-0 per day.
Special arrangements for monthly Boarders and Families making a prolonged stay.
Cuisine a Speciality.
Apply to the MANAGER.

COTTON MANUFACTURE IN INDIA.

THE following statistics of Cotton Spinning and Weaving in the Indian Mills in Sept. 1905, and in the corresponding month of 1903 and 1904, and compiled in the statistical Department of the Government of India from accounts rendered by millowners under the terms of the Cotton Duties Act II of 1896:—

ABSTRACT STATEMENT of the QUANTITY (in pounds) of YARN Spun.

	Month of November.		
	1903	1904	1905
British India.			
Bombay	34724887	32853163	36036093
Madras	2316653	2615920	2895433
Bengal	4056019	3221500	4253328
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh (also Ajmer-Merwara).	2209471	1823597	3500320
Punjab	991446	925183	1209111
Central Provinces and Berar(a)	1833431	1091533	2217471
Total	48248920	44437852	51631902
Foreign Territory.			
Berar (a) and the Native States of Indore, Mysore, Baroda, Nandgaon, Bhavnagar, Hyderabad (b), and Wadhwan (c) & Ujjain (f)..	1637665	1770690	2046711
Grand Total	47886585	45808382	53678613

(a) Berar ceased to be Foreign Territory from the 1st October 1902, when it was leased in perpetuity to British Government, but in this table the transfer has been made from the 1st October 1903, when the administration was transferred to the Central Provinces.
(b) From September 1902.
(c) From October 1902.
(d) From November 1902.
(e) From April 1903.
(f) From May 1903.

ABSTRACT STATEMENT of the QUANTITY of WOVEN GOODS Produced.

N.B.—The weight in pounds represents the weight of all woven goods; the measure in yards represents the equivalent of the weight of grey goods alone.)

		Month of November.		
		1903	1904	1905
British India.				
Bombay	pds.	10736024	14056386	11955567
	yds.	35726234	48653188	41845198
	doz.	10168	7760	51866
Madras	pds.	514381	585575	681709
	yds.	1109366	1109634	1075770
	doz.	41209	37540	43353
Bengal ... ... :	pds.	124128	110990	203142
	yds.	352211	465366	237281
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, (also Ajmer-Merwara) ...	yds.	1404516	1699212	2393287
	pds.	11492	18141	18317
Punjab	yds.	35681	55141	44638
	pds.	603482	7091 6	645883
Central Provinces and Berar (a)	yds.	1913331	2212230	1993996
	pds.	12301999	15982164	13980:0
Total ...	yds.	40013456	53253493	47560110
	doz.	18168	7760	51866
Foreign Territory.				
Berar (a) and the Native States of Indore, Mysore, Baroda, Nandgaon, Bhavnagar, Hyderabad (b), and Wadhwan (c) & Ujjain (f)..	pds.	475416	503:4	627093
	yds.	1598714	1906892	2341198
Grand Total ..	pds.	12777415	16492478	14607293
	yds.	41612170	55160:5	49901305
	doz.	10168	7760	51866

THE approximate statement of Traffic of the Barsi Light Railway Company, Limited, (21·59 miles open) for the week ending 27th January, 1906, amounted to Rs. 2,850, being a decrease of Rs. 887 on the corresponding week of last year. The total earning from 1st to 27th January, 1906, were Rs. 13,061, being a decrease of Rs. 1,866.

FLORILINE.—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid Floriline sprinkled on a wet toothbrush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. The Fragrant Floriline being composed in parts of Honey and Sweet Herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Depot: 33 Farrington Road, London, England.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Itola, 3101 tons Captain S R Hartley, will sail to-day for Rangoon in ballast.

THE steamer Afghan, 1479 tons, Captain F W Lloyd, will sail to-day for Mauritius, with the same bottom cargo.

THE steamer River Clyde, 2525 tons. Captain R Bryce, sailed yesterday, for Philadelphia with a general cargo.

THE steamer Clan Urquhart, 5757 tons, Captain J A McPherson, sailed yesterday for Antwerp with a general cargo.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Africa 1391 tons, Captain G R Elton, sailed yesterday, for Persian Gulf with a general cargo and passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Lamt 943 tons, Captain M G Williams, sailed yesterday for Karachi via Cutch Mandvi, with a general cargo and passengers.

THE Austrian Lloyd's S N Co's steamer India, 1787 tons, Captain F Fossni, arrived in harbour yesterday from Trieste via Karachi with a general cargo and passengers.

THE Hansa Line steamer Nevenfels, 3620 tons, Captain J Wesekow, arrived in harbour yesterday from New York, with a cargo of 121,950 cases kerosine oil and 3000 drums neptha oil.

THE B and P S N Co's steamer Mozaffari, 1387 tons, Captain T L Molony, arrived in harbour yesterday from Jedah via Aden and Karachi, with a general cargo and specie and deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Madura, 1273 tons, Captain J Maclean, arrived in harbour on Monday evening from the Persian Gulf via Karachi, with a general cargo 20 cases opium and passengers.

DEPARTURE OF THE CHINA AND AUSTRALIAN MAILS.

THE P and O Co's steamer Delta, 4743 tons, Captain C L Daniel, will sail to-day for Shanghai via intermediate ports, with China and Australian mails a general cargo and the following passengers :—For Penang—Mr B S Lewis, Mr Cohn, and Mrs Pearse. For Singapore—Mr Fearn'y. For Hongkong—Mr P Verkomp, Mrs D Hamilton, Mr G Lalljee and Miss A A Abbott. For Shanghai—Mr S T Chilon, and Mr R H Eckford. For Colombo—Mr Hirst Mr Burmish, Mr Kinnon, Mr Koonon, Mr and Mrs Jafferji, K J Jenambai, Katejbai, 6 children. For Colombo—Mr J E Sinder, Mr and Mrs Sinder, Mr and Mrs Snell, Mr H J Hower, Mr E C Lisy, Mr Kenion, Mr G Bayley, Mr A Cowasji, Mr Sulleman, Mr and Mrs Fazullabismailji Mrs Jehangirji and infant, Miss Manockbai, Mr Cowasji and Mr Jewanji. For Melbourne—Mrs Ross Sodden, Mr J Ross Sodden, Mr H Ross Sodden, Messrs A and G Ross Sodden, Mr Allardice, Mr Hanswan. For Sydney—Miss Hodges, Miss Armitage, Col and Mrs Goodwyn, For Freemantle—Mr L C Brown.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

In the Stream

H M S Hyacinth .....Capt Nicholson .....Flagship
H M S Perseus.....Comdr Hill .....Cruiser
R I M S Dufferin....Comdr Warden .....R I M
R I M S Canning....Comdr Marsack .....R I M
IN GOVT. DOCKYARD.
Three Torpedo Boats.....Royal Navy
1st Battalion 124 Wilson.....B E A Protectorate
R I M S Mayo.....Brownlow.....R I Marine

ARRIVALS.

Feb.	Vessel.	Commander	From.
5	Madura s.....	Maclean	Busreh, Jan 24
6	Mozaffari s.....	Molony	Jeidah, Jan 31
	India s	Pesoni	Trieste, Jan 9
	Nevenfels	Wasitate	New York, Dec 31

DEPARTURES.

Feb	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
6	Bulimba s	Bamber.....	Jedah
	Santhia s.....	Phillips	Calcutta, &c
	Winnebago s	Macl'ona'd ...	San Francisco
	Lama s	Williams ...	Karachi, &c
	R I M S Canning...	Ma sack	Karachi
	Africa s	Elton	Persian Gulf
	Lima s	Williams	Karachi, &c
	River Clyde s	Bryce.....	Philadelphia
	Clan Urquh rt s ...	McPherson	Antwerp

The following vessels obtained their portclearances yesterday :—
Steamer Delta, Daniel, for Shanghai
,, Itola, Hartley, for Rangoon
,, Afghan, Lloyd, for Mauritius

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—
Steamer Dwarka, for Persian Gulf, &c
,, D Balduino, for Genoa, &c
,, Mozaffari, for Jedah

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Vessels.	Names.	From
Feb.		
3 City of Athens	J Wilson	Liverpool
Shahjehan	G F Elliott	Rangoon
Alula	J Farmer	Bombay

DEPARTURES.

	Goa	S Maclachlan	Rangoon
4	Umfuli	W E Miller	Natal
	Mogna	A G Abott	Moulmein
5	Bharata	A J Windebanks	Rangoon
	M Meanatchy	H A Sharpo	Chittagong

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The P and O Co's steamer Himalaya, arrived at Suez from Colombo on the afternoon of the 4th instant.
The City Line steamer Trafferdhall, arrived at Suez from Bombay on the morning of the 5th instant.
The Clan Line steamer Clan Murray arrived in London on the afternoon of the 4th instant.
The Clan Line steamer Clan MacNab, arrived at Suez from Colombo, Madras and Calcutta on the morning of the 5th instant.
The City Line steamer City of Sparta, left Liverpool for Calcutta on the afternoon of the 4th instant.
The N Y K Chartered steamer Courtfield, left Hongkong for Kobe, on the 5th instant.
The Austrian Lloyd's steamer Imperatrix, left Trieste on the 4th instant (one day late) and is due here on the 20th instant.
The Florio and Rubattino Co's steamer Capri, from Bombay arrived at Hongkong on the 6th instant.

DAILY EXPORTS.—FEB. 6.

FOR LIVERPOOL.
Begonia s—239 bales cotton Gaddum and Co ; 32 bales wool David Sassoon and Co ; 2000 cwt linseed Glade and Co ; 101 cwt gum P Jethabhoy ; 2316 cwt myrabolams Rujee Comersey ; 100 bales cotton G Tejpal and Co ; 6000 cwt cottonseed E D Sassoon and Co.
Circassia s—20 cwt mustard oil Cursetjee muncherjee and Sons

FOR LONDON.
China s—6760 cwt castorseed Ralli Brothers

FOR DUNKIRK.
BlackPrince s—101 cwt gum P Jethabhoy ; 100 bales hemp Purshotam Bhimjee ; 200 bales cotton J A Begbie and Co ; 312 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

FOR HAMBURG.
Schwarzfels s—275 bales cotton The Bombay Co ; 1744 bales cotton Ralli Bros ; 10 bales hemp Purshotam Bhimjee ; 2000 cwt castorseed 6 pots geranium oil Volkart Bros.

FOR ANTWERP.
Camberwell s—1000 tons manganese ore ore Killick Nixon and Co
Clan Urquhart s—11 bales cotton The Bombay Company
Canara s—300 bales hemp Rstimjee Visram and Co ; 110 bales cotton E Spinner and Co ; 2000 cwt linseed 5384 cwt linseed and 9577 cwt teelseed Ralli Brothers

FOR HONGKONG.
Marmion s—200 bales twist Curse tjee Bomonjee and Co ; 14 cwt olibanum M J Joo nabhoy and Co
Delta s—2 cwt ivory H Rowjee ; 7 fcwt ivory M Abdulally 1 case saffron M M Essabhoy ; 25 cases opium Talati and Co ; 55 chests opium C Ebrahim and Co ; 18 chests opium P and O S N Co ; 15 chests opium David Sassoon and Co ; 10 chests opium N Phiroz

FOR SHANGHAI.
Delta s—23 chests opium, David Sassoon and Co ; 71 chests opium A E J Abraham ; 18 chests opium Taka and Co ; 25 chests opium N J Abraham ; 19 chests opium C Bomonjee and Co ; 27 chests opium Talati and Co ; 16 chests opium N Phiroz ; 55 chests opium R S N Talati and Co.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, Feb. 5.

SECURITIES—

2 1-2 per cent. Consols	90 1-2	=	unchanged
3 do. Rentes	98 3-4	=	— 1-2
3 1-2 do. Indian Sterling Loan	106 1-4	=	unchanged
3 1-2 per cent. Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper	66 3-16	=	— 1-16

SILVER—

Spot in London	31 1-8	=	unchanged
2 months hence	29 3-8	=	do
Spot in New York.....	65 1-2	=	do

EXCHANGES—

Paris cheques	25 15	=	do
Berlin ,, ...	20 57	=	do
New York Demand	4 87 1-4	=	do

DISCOUNTS—

Bank of England.....	4	per cent	=	do
6 months sight Bank Bills ...	3 7-8	do	=	do
6 ,, ,, ...	3 3-8	do	=	do
8 ,, ,, Fine Trade Bills	4 1-8	do	=	do
6 months sight Fine Trade Bills	4 1-4	do	=	do

INTEREST—

Day to day loans.....	3 7-8	do	=	do
7 day market loans.....	4	do	=	do

Extra Council Bills allotments, Transfers on Calcutta Rs 6,00,000 at 1s 4 5-32d

SUGAR—
German granulated 1st marks 9 11 1-4 Feb. sellers quiet

RUBBER—
Para Rubber 5-5 value

WHEAT—
Afloat for U K 2,550,000
Red Karachi 30 1-2 M-J sellers quiet but teady

SEEDS—
Yellow Guzerat 47 A-M sellers dull.
Yellow Cawnpore 45 3-4 — 3-4 A-M value dull.
Brown 12 1-2 — 1-4 A-M sellers dull

LINSEED—
Linseed Bold 47 — 1 A-M sellers quiet but steady

COFFEE—
Coffee in New York 8 1-2

ARRIVALS—
Steamers—Sir John Jackson and Oronsay

In Liverpool.—Cotton Market closed easier. East Indian quiet. Manchester steady. Total Sales 12,000. Spot 5·99 plus 6. Egyptian F. G. F. Brown 8 5·8 plus 1-8. Sold on speculation and for Export 1,000. Imports 5,000. Futures closed easier.

Feb.-Mar. 5·78 —1	Mar.-Apl. 5·82 —1	Apl.-May 5·85 —1
May-June 5·88 —1	June-July 5·10 —1	July-Aug. 5·91 —2
Aug.-Sep. 5·83 —2	Sep.-Oct 5·67 —1	Oct-Nov. 5·60 —1

Receipts at U S Ports	20,000
Do last year	20,000
Exports to Great Britain	nil
Do. do Continent.....	5,000

IN NEW YORK—

Spot	11 27-32	} a
Futures, month of March	10·66—25	
Do do. July.....	10·93—23	

a Declined owing to bearish interior movement and to selling encouraged by weakness New Orleans.

IN NEW ORLEANS—

Spot	10 3-4—1-8
Futures, month of March	10 71—35
Do. do. May	10 91—31
Tone at close.....	barely steady.

Stock of cotton in Liverpool 1,137,000 bales

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay for the 48 hours, ending at 6 p.m. on Monday, 5th Feb. 1906 :—

Cotton.....	17,701 bales.
Wheat	9,674 cwts.
Linseed	2,338 do
Rape, Rai and Mustard.....	2,454 do
Gingellyseed	11,691 do
Poppyseed	623 do
Groundnut	350 do
Castorseed	1,569 do
Rice	77,709 do
Myrabolams	4,189 do
Cottonseed	35,539 do
Mowrasee.....	92 do
Gram.....	196 do
Jowar	210 do
Maize	nil

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Silver Bullion, Rs. 2,26,589
Ex s s "China" from London

BOMBAY, FEB. 6.

EXCHANGE.—Tone firm.

Bank T. T.	1s 4 3-32d, to 1 8d.		
Bank Demand	1s 4 1-8d.		
Credit Bills 3 Months Sight D.A.	1s 4 11-32d.		
6 do. do. ...	1s 4 15-32d.		
French Francs 3 do. do. ...	171		
Marcks 3 do. do. ...	139 3-4		
Hongkong 30 Days Sight ...	140 1-2		
Shanghai 30 do. ...	203 1-2		
Japan 30 do. ...	149 1-2		

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—3 1/2 per cent. Tone quiet.

Cash	98 7
1st Settlement, 28th February	98 12

Money Market, Tone steady.

BANK RATE—

Bank of England since 28th Sept.	4	per cent.	
Bank of Bombay do. 1st	Feb. 9	do.	
Bank of Bengal do. 1st	,, 9	do.	
Bank of Madras do. 10th	Jan. 8	do.	

SEEDS.

LINSEED—Tone dull.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Ready	7	13	0
Forward	8	2	0

RAPESEED.—Tone quiet.

Brown Cawnpore, Ready ...	7	2	0
Do. Forward ...	7	3	0
Yellow Cawnpore Ready ...	7	12	0
Do. Forward ...	7	12	0

POPPYSEED—Tone dull.

Ready	8	8	0
Forward	8	10	0

CASTORSEED—Tone quiet but steady.

Ready	33	1-2	
Forward	33	0	0

GINGELLYSEED—Tone steady.

Howree Khandelah	47	0	0
Bilton 15 per cent. Mixed ...	46	1-2	

WHEAT—Tone easier.

New White Delhi	5	5	0

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.

Tone	easier.
Estimated sales	10,000 Bales
Imports	23,000 ,,

Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April	April-May
5 70	5 71	5 77
—8	—8	—8
May-June 5 80	June-July 5·92	July-Aug 5·83
—8	—8	—9
Aug.-Sept. 5 77	Sep.-Oct. 5·61	Oct.-Nov. 5·54
—8	—6	—3

COTTON.—The local market is dull. Prices are easing off slightly, but are still too high to attract buyers, and only a very moderate turnover is reported at Colaba.

Official quotations of the Bombay Cotton Trade Association Limited :—

	Fine.	F.-G. Good.	Dely.
Bengal, H. G. (Ry. terms)	...194	188 ...	Feb. 25,
Bengals(M.-G.)Ry. terms...	...202	192 ...	do.
Sind-Punjab (M.-G.) ...	... 203	193 ...	do.
Oomrawuttee (descriptions)	M.-G. 217	211 ...	do.
Khandish, (M.-G.) ...	 213	207 ...	do.
Julgaum (M.-G.)... ...	 209	...	do.
Khundwa (M.-G.) ...	 213	...	do.
Khangaum, fair staple (M.-G.)			
Karanja do, (M.-G.)	218	212 ...	do.
Akola do, (M.-G.)			
Oomra, good staple (M.-G.) ...	231	225 ...	do.
Dhamangaum Poolgaum (M.-G.)	223	217 ...	do.
Nagpur and Kamptee (M.-G.)...	223	222 ...	do.
Broach (M.-G.)	... 201	256 251	Mar. 27.
Yeotmal (M.-G.)	... 226	220 ...	Feb. 25.
Muttia (M.-G.)	... 213	207 ...	do.
Westerns	... ...	230	May 25.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

The following is the comparative statement of Traffic ernings for week ending 13th January 1906.

	Coaching Traffic.	Goods Traffic.	Sundry Receipts.	Total for the week.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Approximate earnings for week ending 13th Jan. 1906 - G I P Ry system.	5,09,426	20,52,337	7,352	25,53,115
I M R do ...	1,37,346	3,11,692	1,521	4,50,559
A D C Ry ...	15,657	20,087	64	35,808
Total....	7,06,429	23,84,116	8,937	30,99,489
Actuals for corresponding week ending 14th Jan. 1905— G I P Ry system...	4,83,194	16,27,653	13,191	20,93,918
I M R do ...	1,24,003	2,89,933	1,277	4,14,803
A D C Ry ...	3,091	3,297	135	6,493
Total....	6,30,198	19,20,443	14,603	25,15,244
Increase or (G I P R	+ 50,332	+4,31,684	— 5,839	+ 4,99,157
Decrease.. (I M R...	+ 63,343	+ 22,169	+ 244	+85,756
A D C Ry ...	+ 12,558	+ 16,920	— 71	+29,315

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If the hair is turning grey or white or falling off, use your Mexican Hair Renewer, for it will positively restore in every case grey or white hair to its original colour without leaving the disagreeable smell of most Restorers. It makes the hair charmingly beautiful as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for The Mexican Hair Renewer. Sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale Depot, 33, Farringdon Road, London, England.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES DEATHS and MEMORIAM Notice (which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender) is Rs 2 for six lines or less and 8 as. for every additional lines, CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

EUROPE.

DEATH.

LYNCH—February 2, in London, Christopher Bernard Lynch of Messrs. Craigie Lynch and Owen, Solicitors, Bombay. (By cable.)

CALCUTTA.

DEATH.

LeMESURIER—February 6, at the European General Hospital, Calcutta, Thomas Arthur LeMesurier (Superintendent Photozincographic Department, Poona) son of the late Rev. Henry LeMesurier, of Bedford, aged 55 years.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

PRITCHARD—January 20, at Calcutta, the wife of A. G. Pritchard, of Ord Terai Tea Estate, of a son.

DEATH.

COX—At 90, Bipon Street, Calcutta, Horace Cox, Branch Pilot.

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BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 33m. Sun sets, 5h. 50m. High water, 9-51m., 10-19 Low water, 4-21m., 4 1a.
The hours stated for Sun and Tide are Bombay Mean Time.
First Criminal Sessions.
Municipal Standing Committee, 4-15 p. m. (S. T.)
Bombay Native Dispensary, biennial general meeting, Sir D. M. Petit's Fort office, 5 30 p. m. (S. T.)
Bombay Sanitary Association, annual meeting, H. E. the Governor presiding, Municipal Council Hall, 5-30 p. m. (S. T.)
Farewell Concert by Mr. J. Dorasami, Town Hall, 9 30 p. m. (S. T.)
Harmston's Circus, Esplanade, 9 30 p.m. (S.T.)

JAVERILAL UMIASHANKER YAJNIK, BHULESHWAR LIBRARY.—This Library was closed yesterday in consequence of the death of Mr. Jamnadas Lallobhai P., who was one of its Life-Members and patronized the Library by occasional gifts of books.

BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Colonel S. J. Sarjant, V. D., and Officers of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Ry. Vol. Band will play the following programme of music under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, Band Master, commencing at 5 p.m., to-day.

March.....	Dadanco ..... Hume
Overture	William Tell ..... Rossini
Reminiscences of Mozart	Mozart
Brazilian Dance. Habanera	F D Arco
Selection.....	The Mount-bank ..... Cellier
Polka	Retour Des Champs ..... Waldteufil

MUSIC AT THE VICTORIA GARDENS.—By kind permission of Col. Hogge and the Officers of the 113th Infantry, the Band will play the following programme of Music at the Victoria Gardens under the direction of H. W. Toner, commencing at 6 p.m. to-day :—

March.....	Hail Europa ..... F von Blon
Overture.....	Romantiq e ..... Keler Held
Selection	The Silver Slipper..... W H Myddleton
Valse	Darling Mabel ..... W Williams
Fantesia	Happy Days in Dixie ..... T Bedgord
Cake Walk ...	A Coon Band Contest ..... A Pryor

MUSIC AT THE BUNDER.—The Victoria String Band will play the following programme of music at the Pyrke's Apollo Restaurant, commencing from 7 till 10 p.m., to-day :—

March	A Wounded Friend..... Myddleton
Overture	Semiramis ..... Rossini
Valse	Les Baiser ..... Margis
Selection	All the Girls ..... Williams
March	Silver Myrtles ..... Carl Ball
The German Patrol...	Die Watch Parade Kommt Ellenberg
Valse.....	Heimh ..... Robinson I
Cake Walk.....	Coloured Lady's Ball..... Harrison

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Lamu, Mombasa, Chindi, Dar-es-Salaam, Zanzibar, Tanga, Quilimane, Beira, Delagoa Bay Seychelles, Reunion, Madagaskar per S. S. Porto Reichstag will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m., tomorrow. Specially superscribed correspondence for Natal, Cape Colony and other places in South Africa will also be forwarded by this steamer. Mails for Natal, Cape Colony, Delagoa Bay and other places in South Africa per extra s. s. Cougella via Tuticorin and Colombo will be closed at the General Post at 7 30 p.m., on the 9th Instant. Supplementary mail will be closed at 7-30 p. m., on the 10th Instant.

HARMSTON'S CIRCUS.

AT the matinee this afternoon at this popular place of entertainment the children of the Scottish Orphanage will be accommodated with free seats by the kindly generosity of Mr. Robert Love and Mrs Harmston-Love. The young Scotto-Indians may be sure of a rare treat. To-night the jumping competition for local horses will be offered as a very attractive turn, and doubtless a full house will be experienced.

THE INDIAN SARASOTE.

TO-NIGHT'S CONCERT.

To-night Mr. Dorasami, the Indian violinist, appears once more at the Town Hall, when, among the many difficult pieces which he will interpret, will be his own "Polonaise Brillante," which has received much applause whenever he has rendered it. The staccato passages and double stoppings and technique are very difficult, and only a real master of the violin can do it justice. Mr. Dorasami leaves India shortly or a prolonged tour in America and Europe.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine, dealers everywhere.

THE SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR GIRLS' SCHOOL.

PRIZE DISTRIBUTION.

SIR LAWRENCE and Lady Jenkins graced the Sir Cowasjee Jehangir Khetwady Girls' School prize distribution gathering by their presence yesterday afternoon in the Framji Cowasji Hall, when there was present a large number of European and native ladies and gentlemen. Sir Lawrence Jenkins presided.

Mr. R. B. Karanjvala, the Honorary Secretary of the School, read the report of school for the period from the 1st April 1903 down to the 31st March 1905. The report said that it was needless to say this institution was one of the many offsprings of the munificent charity of the late Sir Cowasji Jehangir Readymoney, Kt., C. S. I., one of the philanthropists of whom this city and specially the Parsee Community may justly be proud. This school is one of three institutions of its kind, which owe their existence to, and bear the honoured name of, their founder, one being the boys High School at Nowsari and another at Gamdevi. The Committee saw the necessity of starting a building fund for the school and Sir Jehangir Cowasji Jehanghir who always took the keenest interest in all the charitable institutions founded by his late revered father again came forward and subscribed the handsome sum of Rs. 5,000 towards this fund which he afterwards increased to Rs. 10,000. among the other doners being the late Sir Dinshaw M. Petit Rs. 1,000/, the late Bai Dinbai N. M. Petit Rs. 700/-, the late Mr. Cowasji Dinshaw Adenwalla Rs. 500/-. This fund with other small donations amounted to Rs. 13,702 to which was added a further donation of Rs. 1,000 by Sir Jehangir. Of this sum Government contributed Rs. 4,622/12 for which the Committee seized this opportunity to express their grateful thanks to them, as well as for the annual grants-in-aid, which had helped not only to keep the school in existence, but to maintain it in a state of efficiency uptill now. The Committee could not allow this occasion to pass without expressing their thanks at the interest Sir Jehangir was evincing in the welfare of this school and for his said donation of Rs. 1,000 in a 3 1/2 per cent. Government Loan, and others for their smaller donations.

An interesting programme of seven items, consisting of musical drills, recitations and songs in Gujarati and English was then gone through.

Miss Cursed Nusserwanji on behalf of her sister-students thanked Sir Jehangir Cowasji and Lady Readymoney for the interest they took in their education and the Chairman and those present for having patronised the function.

THE CHAIRMAN'S SPEECH.

Lady Jenkins having distributed prizes, the Chairman in addressing the gathering said that the report of the school was so full of the history of its work that he felt exonerated from addressing them at any great length. The institution as its title indicated was founded by one who held a high position in his days amongst the philanthropists of the city. The existence of the institution was due to the benevolence of Sir Cowasji Jehangir, and the school had met with great support from the successors of its founder. The report showed them clearly how far Sir Jehangir had liberally supported the school and now in the third generation they found his son, Mr. Cowasji Jehangir, taking deep interest in its welfare (Hear, Hear and Cheers). Mr. Cowasji had evinced the depth of that interest by accepting the joint Secretaryship of the school with Mr. Karanjvalla whom he was very pleased to meet there. Mr. Cowasji had recently returned from Europe and all his friends were watching his career with great interest. They all felt that the way in which Mr. Cowasji had entered into the public life of the city would be productive of great benefit to all those about him. He had a position which would enable him to be a fitting successor of this school. The speaker sincerely congratulated the school upon having secured Mr. Cowasji's earnest support. Referring to the necessity of education of the girls and the women of any country that wanted to be prosperous, the speaker said the school was fast approaching its Jubilee and he sincerely congratulated all concerned in it on its success. He drew the attention of those present to the physicial drill in which the girls of the schools had been taught. In the report mention was made with a feeling of gratitude, of Mr. Dinshaw Hormasji Gotlaseth for his having volunteered to teach drill to the children without remuneration. He thought they all must agree that Mr. Dinshaw was closing excellent work in training the girls in physical drills and the speaker congratulated him on his recognition of his services, which had culminated into a presentation to him of a handsome silver cup, (Cheers). Continuing, the speaker said he was one of those who regarded physical exercises of great value. He did not mean to say that he looked forward to the day when the young girls of the school would be so imbued with the spirit of athleticism as to make cricket or football or hockey their ruling passion. But he wished to see them advance and progress in the carefully directed exercises such as are taught to them. It was now quite in accordance with the times that the girls should go through these exercises. It was only a day or two ago that he read in local papers of the ladies of the city thinking of going in for a Gymnasium and he wished them every success in it. The speaker concluded his remarks by wishing the boys and the girls of the school every future success (Applause).

Sir Jehangir Cawasji Jehangir proposing a vote of thanks to Sir Lawrence and Lady Jenkins said, it was not necessary for him to dwell on the esteem in which the whole population of Bombay held their Chief Justice and his gracious lady. Lady Jenkins had endeared herself to all by her genial manners, ready sympathy and by the unfailing interest she always took in all that concerned the poor. The speaker made bold to say that it would be difficult to find a single charitable institution in Bombay which had been left unnoticed by her. In Sir Lawrence they had a model. He was equally at-home on the bench, presiding at a motor-car dinner or at a function like the present. (Cheers). Amidst loud cheers Sir Lawrence and Lady Jenkins were garlanded, and the gathering dispersed.

THE WEATHER.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M., ON TUESDAY, THE 6TH FEB.

SUMMARY.

Pressure has fallen everywhere, the fall having been rapid in Sind and brisk in several other places.

Winds continue to be variable in direction and the force has been fresh to light.

Temperature.—The greatest variations are :—Maximum 5° to 6° below normal at Karwar, Ratnagiri, Neemuch, Bhuj and Jhansi and minimum 5° to 6° below normal at Ratn

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DEPT. "G."

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications intended for publications in our columns must be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 7, 1906.

CUBA AND THE TREATY.

In view of the new Commercial Treaty between Cuba and England shortly to come into force, a correspondent of the "Standard" warns British traders of the necessity to be prepared. He warns them that the Treaty is regarded with suspicion by many American and Cuban residents, and that efforts are being made to bring about its denouncement. Interested newspapers, both in New York and Havana, have indulged in much strong writing against this Treaty, exaggerating its importance and making absurd declarations to the effect that it is mainly prepared with the idea of giving Cuba to Britain as a coaling base in case of war. To sell the Philippines to Japan would have virtually the same effect, but this fact has not yet occurred to American Anglophobes. Besides they are anxious to get rid of the "little yellow brother" at any cost. But Cuba is another matter. It is nearer home and the giving of England any privilege on that side of the Atlantic is viewed with suspicion by our cousins in the States. Why they should be so exercised in mind over the Treaty with Cuba is not at all clear, for it is merely commercial in its bearing, and when it is established British ships will have certain privileges in Cuban ports and Cuban ships will enjoy like privileges in British ports. There is nothing to rouse feeling, especially as the Cuba-American treaty of reciprocity gives to the United States a tremendous advantage in the Cuban markets. Fortunately the effect of American opposition to the Cuba-British Treaty is unlikely to be serious, though it is just as unlikely that it will, in the slightest degree, affect British trade with the Cuba. Whatever privileges might be accorded, as the fact remains that the States have the geographical advantage. An American merchant goes to Cuba as expeditiously as a London merchant may journey to Belfast. The currency of the two countries is on a similar basis, and it is, even by the most sanguine, deemed impossible that we should ever succeed in displacing the States from the position of chief customer and chief purveyor.

But the Cubans were promised a voice in their own affairs and they mean to have it. In that they are quite right. They never asked the assistance of the States in the settlement of their affairs, either political or commercial. And as the dominant power in the Far West has given them back a semblance of self-Government, they would be wrong not to try to make the most of it. Cuba's wish is that the trade of their country shall be distributed among the nations direct and not absorbed by the States. They have no desire to become a virtual dependency of the States. They feel, as can be well understood, that the American grip is strong enough already, and unless they manage their own commercial affairs, those too will be under the thumb of their powerful neighbour. They are anxious to extend their trade with Great Britain, and although they may not succeed to any large extent, British merchants would lose nothing in an effort to assist them. Mr. John Henderson, who writes to our London contemporaray, in elucidation of the position, says it only remains for a few British firms to become energetic to develope trade between the home country and Cuba. He says that the natives are open in their resentment of Yankee interference. They object to the strength of the grip which America has upon their country. British traders there growl about the unfairness of it unceasingly, while the exporters of Boston, New York and Chicago are making many dollars. In his desire to instruct the British merchant how to proceed, he tells him that the Cuban trader has many eccentricities against which he must be forearmed. Cuban buyers have peculiar ideas in regard to packing, labelling and measuring goods. It is in these little details that the British fall behind the American and German. They will not stoop to these little, trifling, and as they consider them, insignificant, details of commerce. Yet we are told they are essential in Cuba. Moreover, merchants in Havana are as coquettish as women in France and the selling of canned goods to Cuban grocers is just about as delicate a matter as it would be for a New Orleans nigger to tell a Virginian millionaire that he was in love with his daughter.

As regards the commercial condition of Cuba generally we are told that in the cities are to be seen evidences of wealth and enterprise on every hand. In the country districts the island seems given over to idleness and desolation. Between Havana and Santiago are hundreds of deserted homesteads, disused sugar factories, vast ranches empty of cattle, a great number of rich-looking estates unattended and undeveloped—all evidences of the war. The cities recovered from its effects without much delay, but the farms that were plundered and devastated have not been recultivated. Cattle that were commandered for the troops have not been replaced. America should have seen to this as the British did in South Africa. They are doing precisely what we did not. They are taking up the property and settling down. American capital is purchasing the farms and fruit plantations, ruining land companies with American officers as well as money. It is getting hold of the sugar trade and Cuba is being developed out of her own existence with all the speed and certainty born of American methods and American experience. Cuban resources are being exploited by means of the most up-to-date machinery in the world and her land will be cultivated to the last acre—but for the benefit of the American, not of the Cuban. Canada may send and fetch from Cuba, but Cuba must not send to Canada. This disability is felt to be but the first of many others which must follow and that unless other countries will assist as Great Britain has declared herself willing, Cuba must be hampered and fettered to such an extent that she can remain only independent in name. The States expect her to be grateful for deliverance from the Spaniard, but the Cuban had more independence as a neglected subject of Spain than he will ever enjoy under the wing of republican America. Cuba is anxious that Great Britain shall have some share in her growing trade. How much that share shall be depends very much upon Great Britain.

ENGLISH TRADE IN 1905.

ALTHOUGH the official statement for the year has not made its appearance, and probably will not do so for some months, yet the publication of the oversea trade returns for December, by the Board of Trade, allows of a close estimate by taking the monthly bulletins published during the last twelve months. The estimated value of imports, reckoned at the close of the year was £566,445,000, but it has been found that the actual declaration is £565,279,402. Re-exports were estimated at £77,789,000, and have exceeded that amount by £9,521. Including re-exports the total amount exported was expected to total £410,039,000, but the official total has only reached a little over two million less than that amount, whilst the amount of British and Irish produce and manufactures export reached £330,023,467. The estimates were based on the increases in the earlier months, and, though there were all round increases in December, these were not up to the average of the previous eleven months. Taking totals, the balance of trade shows an excess of imports of £155,457,432, a great reduction on the previous year. As to the details of the merchandise movements for December, it is remarkable that the declared value of the food, drink, and tobacco group of imports showed an increase of £22 only, notwithstanding an increase of nearly half a million sterling in the imports of meat, and animals for food, and an increase of £213,619 in the non-dutiable food and drink imported, these increases being about counterbalanced by a large decrease in the dutiable food and drink imports, a decrease in the value of the imports of tobacco, and a small decrease in the declared value of the imports of grain and flour. Russian wheat was imported in a considerably smaller quantity owing to the war and the unsettled state of the country, whilst there appears to have been a decrease in such receipts from Argentina and India. Canada and the United States, however, both show strong recoveries. The decreased cost of sugar fully accounted for the falling of in the dutiable goods imports. Cotton imports decreased a million hundred-weight, worth £1,553,677 and there has been a decrease in the quantity of wool imported particularly from the Continent, India, and New Zealand. On the other hand there were compensating increases in iron and other ores, timber and textile materials other than cotton, hide and miscellaneous articles.

The imports of the group of articles described as wholly or partially manufactured shows an increase of £1,161,814. Iron and steel manufactures and other metals and manufactures thereof, account for half of this increase, and the balance represents cotton manufactures, leather and manufactures thereof, earthenware and glass, machinery, and miscellaneous goods. It may be pointed out that the net increase for December in the declared value of the imports is only £275,120. As regards the exports for the month, the net increase is £580,060, of which £202,406 represents exports of the food, drink, and tobacco group of British and Irish productions, and £490,195 articles wholly or mainly manufactured, with parcel post and unclassified articles; against these must be set a decrease of £112,541 in the value of the exports of raw materials. In the last named group coal shows a small increase for December—£14,079—the decrease for the year, however, being still upwards of £800,000. British wool shows a decrease in the exports, but there are other items which show a considerable increase. Chief amongst these are metals and manufactures thereof, although new ships show a decline. The precious metals show a falling off in imports for the last month of the year, the total being only £2,191,508 against the total of exports of £3,744,912. Taking the completed figures for the year, however, the imports of gold show a total of £38,567,895, or about £4 3/4 millions more than in 1904 and about £10 millions more than in 1903. The exports of gold amounted to £30,829,842 for the twelve months, or about £2,200,000 less than in 1904 and upwards of £3 millions more than in 1903. Apparently last year gold was retained to the amount of £7,738,053. In all, £32,399,806, came from South Africa, India, and Australia last year, leaving only slightly over £6,000,000, as received from all the rest of the world. The imports of silver during December were valued at £1,239,618, and the exports at £1,506,177, including, no doubt, a proportion of the silver extracted from imports of lead and other ores. The total imports of silver for the year amounted to £12,993,014, and the total exports to £14,561,677. The silver imported was obtained all but exclusively from the United States and Mexico, and was shipped mainly to India, China and, Russia.

THE GOVERNOR AND THE BLIND.

HIS EXCELLENCY the Governor of Bombay is having a busy time just now. On Monday he attended the Ambulance Demonstration in the compound of the Elphinstone High School; he also opened the new Morarji B. Shivji Sanatorium; and the same evening witnessed the fire at Crawford Market. To-day he is at the meeting of the Bombay Sanitary Association. Among his other forthcoming appearances in the City is a visit to the annual exhibition of the American Mission School for the Blind at the Town Hall on February 12th at 5-30, when all those who have hearts the tenderest chords of which are touched by the sight of a blind boy or girl, are invited to attend and learn with what wonderful skill the Almighty endows those unfortunate persons whom he deprives of the sense of vision. If there can be any sense of pathos about a bargain; if the soul can be stirred by the sight of something under the category of "Dry Goods" which is paid for in coin, such healthy sentiments surely are invoked by the possession of an article made with taste and skill, which gratifies the eye of the person who can purchase it with money, but can give little enjoyment to the sightless person who made it. Yet though a mysterious Providence has decreed that the greatest source of happiness that they could have—the gift of sight—shall be taken from some of his creatures, He by no means intended that the lives of such persons should be useless or destitute of happiness. Go into a London blind-school, and see the happy faces and bright ways of the blind pupils—the born blind, that is—and another manifestation of the ways of Providence is apparent. The Governor is in full sympathy with the objects of the meeting over which he is to preside on the 12th. All who possess the inestimable sense of sight should make a vigorous determination not to miss his Excellency's observations on this occasion, and endeavour to do their best, however small their best may be, to help on a work for those who do their utmost to help themselves under the worst of all possible disadvantages.

MR. RISLEY, the Home Secretary, leaves Calcutta to-day on a visit to the Andaman Islands and Burma.

The Indian Agricultural Department contemplate adding experts upon cotton, wheat, sugar, tobacco, and fruit culture to their staff.

TELEGRAPHIC news from Colombo reports an improvement in the condition of Mr. Justice Henderson who sailed from Calcutta last week, in a very serious state of health.

THERE is a general exodus from Bolad, writes our Bhownagar correspondent, plague having assumed a virulent form. A few of those who went to Limbdi have died there. The prices of cereals are rising steadily. Bajri per candy now fetches Rs. 50, former price was Rs. 45 a week ago.

THE statement of traffic of the Tapti-Valley Railway, for the week ending 16th December, amounted to Rs. 30,762 being an increase on the corresponding week of last year of Rs. 15,912. Total earnings from 1st July to 5th December were Rs. 3,65,590, being an increase on the corresponding period of last year of Rs. 1,47,013.

THE statement of traffic of the Ahmedabad-Dholka Railway, for the week ending 16th December amounted to Rs. 1,786, being a decrease on the corresponding week of last year of Rs. 242. Total earnings from 1st July to 16th December were Rs. 36,798, being a decrease on the corresponding period of last year of Rs. 5,731.

THE statement of traffic of the Ahmedabad-Prantej Railway, for the week ending 16th December, amounted to Rs. 4,773, being an increase on the corresponding week of last year of Rs. 976. Total earnings from 1st July to 16th December were Rs. 75,169 being an increase on the corresponding period of last year of Rs. 7,928.

ONE of the features of the cool season in Bombay, is the annual ball of the Past and Present Civil Medical students of the Grant College. This year, the function will take place at the Town Hall on the night of Friday, February 23rd, when there is sure to be a great muster of fair women and brave men, and two or three hours of many exhilaration will be enjoyed under the paternal eye of Lt.-Col. H. P. Dimmock, of the I. M. S.

IT has been decided that with effect from the 15th instant, the charge for a certificate of posting in respect of any postal article for which a receipt is not given by the Post Office shall be reduced from 1-2 anna to 1/4 anna in all cases. The certificate will cover six or any smaller number of articles in the case of unregistered parcels and unregistered value payable packets, and three or any less number in the case of unregistered letters or of unregistered articles other than those already mentioned.

THE disturbances at the "Kumbh Mela" last week led to the arrest of nine Bairagis, who have now been sentenced each to a term of three months' imprisonment. From the evidence given at the trial it appears that both the Digambars and Nirbanis went down to the bathing-ghats armed with lathis with the full intention of breaking one another's heads. The Nirbanis actually began the affray, but the Digambars appear to have displayed no reluctance in taking up the cudgels, for of the nine accused no less than seven belonged to their section.

THE opposition of Messrs. Thompson, Fraser, Ramsay Proprietary, Limited, having ceased, the Ring lines, with a clear field, have further advanced their rates on Ceylon to Australia by Rs. 10 per ton. The new rates, says "Commercial Intelligence," are tea Rs. 35 less Rs. 5, other cargo Rs. 25 less Rs. 5, and came into force on January 13. During the opposition rates fell to Rs. 5 net. The jump to the new rates looks rather formidable, but, as is the case elsewhere, there are merchants in Colombo who profess to be delighted with the higher rates (and the rebates.)

THE total number of deaths registered in Calcutta during the week ending 27th January 1906 was 646 against 686 and 718 in the two preceding weeks and higher than the corresponding week of last year by 22. There were 44 deaths from cholera, against 43 and 61 in the two preceding; weeks the number is lower than the average of the past quinquennium by 5. There were 30 deaths from plague, against 32 and 16 in the two preceding weeks. There were 102 deaths from small-pox during the week against 55 in the previous week. There were 12 deaths from tetanus against 24 in the previous week. The mortality from fevers and bowel-complaints amounted to 148 and 68, respectively against 176 and 69 in the preceding week. The general death-rate of the week was 33·6 per mille per annum, against 35·3 the mean of the last five years.

THE holders of licenses to sell liquor at Pegu are evidently fortunate individuals. The Deputy Commissioner remarks that cases have occurred where there was practically no doubt that there have been illicit sales, but the owner pleads that he has some friends coming in, and the Court deprecates interference with the sociable habits of respectable old gentlemen. Moreover, the average consumer in Pegu does not appear to have a very discriminating palate; he is content with anything that bears a label and is strong in taste. Much of the stuff that reaches the consumer is more in the nature of a photograph developer than a spirit. The licenses knows to whom he can safely sell his fancy mixtures, and there is a comparatively innocuous article obtainable by customers with unimpaired palates and no curiosity regarding chemical experiments. I think, says the Deputy Commissioner, "It is time we put a limit on the quantity which may be possessed for personal consumption. The cellars of many Chinamen in Pegu far exceed my own and whereas, I do not patronise the local shops they can replenish heir stock from round the corner at any time." But the Deputy Commissioner has probably not yet acquired a taste for photographic developers, and has evidently little sympathy with the child-like curiosity of his Chinese neighbours.

THE WORK OF SIMEON SOLOMON.

SIMEON SOLOMON was an artist who, like the late Frederick Sandys, had dropped almost entirely out of sight, and recognition during the last years of his life. Into the circumstances which brought this about there is no occasion to enter now, but the sudden appearance of work revealing at its best such fine and rare qualities as that shown in two places of exhibition this winter under Simeon Solomon's name will come as a surprise to the many, who have never yet had access to examples of an artistic temperament which found its brief prime nearly forty years ago. Last winter the Royal Academy did honour to the work of Sandys, devoting to it one of the smaller rooms in the exhibition. This year it shows sixteen small water colours by Simeon Solomon grouped with those of his contemporary and influencer, Rossetti. Remarkable as some of these are, they are too few to give a complete measure of the ability they represent, but by good fortune a far larger show, containing over 100 examples, is also on view at the Baillie Gallery, 54, Bakerstreet, and between the two it is possible to form a fairly just estimate of the artist's powers.

Except that they were both lovers of ideal form, and were both gifted with a strong sense of decorative design, Solomon and Sandys were antithetical in their qualities; the latter, wrote Mr. Lawrence Housman in the "Manchester Guardian" drew with an almost iron hardness, and a certain architectural sternness of design which tended to exclude feeling. Solomon, on the other hand, was all feeling, his pictures are beautiful less through skill of handling than through temperament—a temperament so emotional that it often made havoc of form in its endeavour to grasp the shades of a sensuous spirituality that flickered and stung like flame. In his art the witty French sayinz seems reversed, and we read in its many figures of love and youth, of vestal, acolyte, and priest the eternal burden, not of ces beaux jours quand j'etais simalheureux, but of ces jours malheureux quand j'etais si beau. Beauty disastrous, if not to the spirit certainly to the spirits is the prevailing note we find in Solomon's work, the joy of beauty never once occurred to him. This minor key, obstinately persisted in, tended to make him a minor artist, for it fostered the weakness which finally took away all virility from his art. The many chalk drawings, chiefly of symbolical heads, Love and Lust, Love and Memory, and the like, which were the chief product of his later years, are lamentable examples of a sense of form that has in the strict sense of the word, grown dissolute, dissolving into a vague sweetness that palls and cloys, of which the most pronounced and recurrent feature is a profile view of tired lips shaped like the claws of a lobster, but lacking grip feeble, aprehensible things for which, if we sought a fancy title after the artist's own fashion, Satiety Kissed by Famine might serve as a description.

But though it lapsed into this at last, Solomon's art had for a time a verve that was almost strength. Across it fell—an influence for salvation, while it lasted—the touch of Pre-Raphaelite intensity, that quality which Mr. Holman Hunt in his recent history of the movement so curiously ignores, but which was, in fact, its really vital force. Solomon's work took life and ceased to be the inert, motionless thing it otherwise tended to be. At the Baillie Gallery is shown an early pendrawing of "Abraham and Isaac on the road to sacrifice; I the boy walks unconsciously at his father's side blowing thistle-down, and the father, with bowed head watching the boy's thoughtless play, so symbolical of his own fate, kisses the hand which he raises passionately to his lips. Such sharp contrasts of emotion, rendered vivid by expressive pose and symbol drawn naturally from life, was always a strong point in Pre-Raphaelitism; essentially victorial in this instance as in so many more famous examples, it has to be seen for its value to be quite realised. In the oil painting of the same subject done later all the noble intensity has disappeared, and the Pre-Raphaelite influence has gone with it. Very similar in beauty is the design for "The Prodigal Son," which hangs near it; while still more remarkable, both for its elaborateness of composition and its amazing thoroughness of technique, is the large pendrawing of "The Meeting of Dante and Beatrice" as children. Here, too, where merit rises to its highest point and characteristic weakness disappears, the influence is wholly Pre-Raphaelite. Among all the paintings to be seen in the two shows nothing is so perfectly accomplished, so large in style, and so free from tricks of mannerism as the water colour which appears at Burlington House of two figures, a man and a woman, "Greeks going to a Festival." This is a really triumphant piece of design, so fresh, so full of grace, so original in its peculiar atmosphere, and yet so closely allied with the best spirit of the Italian Renaissance. Happily it belongs to a public collection, the Modern Art Gallery, Dublin, having recently become its owner. Pendant to it, and in the same safe hands, is a very beautiful and more typical example of the artist's work, "The priest and Acclyte," representing an aged priest of some Eastern church bearing in his hands a reliquary and supported by a youth who holds a staff. This is one of a series of designs which Solomon executed illustrating, with a certain pensive symbolism underlying the gorgeous outward display of jewellery and vestment, the various creeds of Christianity and Paganism. In one exceedingly brilliant study at the Baillie Gallery the Christianity and Paganism seem curiously blended. It is a design of "Three Priests in gold copes, black biretas, and red shoes, seated in a straight row, full face to the spectator, and perhaps it was a certain ironic humour on the artist's part which made him convey to these dignitaries of the Roman Church the aspect of mandarins. However, that be, for mere ease of handling the work is remarkable; in its sense of colour, too, it takes higher rank than most.

As a colourist Solomon is difficult to place; some half-dozen or so of the pieces now on view shew not only a good sense of colour, but originality as well. The Three Priests seems certainly to claim so much, while A Rabbi, Priest and Acolyte, Solomon the King, Le Sieur Rene, The Lemonseller and a few others have a certain nobility both of colour and tone. But as a rule Solomon's art just escapes technical definition and the praise of the schools. It is almost entirely personal in its appeal, often highly unsatisfactory, often highly interesting, seldom highly accomplished. Now and then among the drawings we meet with a design like the Sir Galahad, which has all the distinction and ease of a Burne-Jones; yet the same hand can do work that has a rank badness about it which is not merely an inability to do well. It is this inequality, so disconcerting in its extremes, which will still for a time leave Solomon's reputation a thing of dispute. Yet a real personality makes even bad work interesting—as is seen in the case of Blake. Will Simeon Solomon's many bad performances, one wonders, hold life on such terms? This at least he has of vitality, that while his power, now that one sees his work in bulk, is more apparent than ever, his weakness makes him not less interesting, but more—a provocation, a puzzle.

IT appears from the annual Administration Report on the Province of Assam which will be the last one published under the old regime that the total plains area in Assam is 31,789 square miles, of which only 12,300 square miles are settled. This alone indicates that there is considerable room in the Province for the extension of cultivation. During the year re-settlement operations were carried out in Sibsagar and Kamrup, the latter district being treated with great leniency in view of the severity of the effects of the great earthquake of 1897, while in Sibsagar which is one of the most populous districts of the new Province an all round enhancement of about 7 per cent. has been made which does not commend itself to the planters, who in these days are hard pressed to make both ends meet. The demand for land in Cachar is very keen, but the extension of cultivation is very slow as practically all the culturable land has been appropriated. In Sibsagar, the settled area increased by 2 1/2 per cent. and by over 4 per cent. in Lakhimpur. In both these districts land is in special demand owing to the large tea garden population. There is not the same demand for land in districts of Darrang and Nowgong, and Kamrup, which do not bear a high reputation for healthiness, and in parts of which the ravages of "kala azar" interferes with agricultural operations.

THE POLITICAL PROBLEM.

CONTEST IN THE CITY PROBABLE.

MR. BALFOUR STILL SUPPORTED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, FEB. 5.

The newspapers are divided regarding the Unionist leadership.

The "Standard," "Morning Post" and "Globe" are strongly Chamberlainite and others uphold Mr. Balfour.

The "Times" strongly deprecates any widening of the cleavage considering the condition of the party especially as it is needless to formulate a definite policy in Opposition.

It is noteworthy that the personal relations between Mr. Balfour and Mr. Chamberlain are most friendly.

LONDON, FEB. 6.

Mr. Long characterises the suggestion that he is anxious to lead the Unionists as offensive and protests his loyalty to Mr. Balfour.

The "Daily Mail" understands that with the exception of Mr. Austen Chamberlain, the late Cabinet, supports Mr. Balfour.

A three-cornered contest is now possible for the seat in the City, namely, Mr. Balfour, Mr. Gibson Bowles and some tariff reformer. All depend on Mr. Balfour's address to the constituents which has been postponed.

THE HUNGARIAN CRISIS.

A Darker Outlook.

LONDON, FEB. 5.

The Hungarian crisis is accentuated by the refusal of the Emperor after repeated audiences with Baron Fejervary and Count Andrassy to grant the Hungarian coalition far-reaching concessions, aiming at considerable autonomy in home affairs.

LONDON COUNTY COUNCIL IN PARIS.

Enthusiastically Received.

LONDON, FEB. 6.

The members of the London County Council who were invited to Paris by the Paris Municipal Council have had a magnificent reception and were entertained at agrand banquet at the Hotel de Ville last night when most cordial speeches were made.

A NEW INDUSTRY FOR KENT.

LONDON, FEB. 5.

Steps are being taken for raising beet sugar extensively on uncultivated land in Kent.

THE JEDDAH PILGRIMAGE.

The Jeddah pilgrimage is finished and the health of the pilgrims is perfect.

OBITUARY.

Sir Charles Cookson is dead.

TEMPERANCE DEMANDS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 6.

Dr. Harold Mann and Mr. A. Goodwin were examined before the Government Excise Committee here, yesterday, as representatives of the Calcutta Temperance Federation. They urged that a definite portion of the Excise Revenue should be devoted to positive action for discouraging drinking habits by such methods as that of subsidising in the larger cities places of entertainment, where intoxicants are not sold.

SERVANT'S ALLEGED REVENGE.

MASTER STABBED IN HIS SLEEP.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 6.

The Police have arrested a discharged Mahomedan servant of Mr. Henry Pope of the Cossipore Gun Factory, on a charge of having attacked his master with a carving knife whilst sleeping. Mr. Pope is in Hospital with a bad cut in the throat and various stabs about his chest, alleged to have been done by the accused, with whom there had been a dispute over wages.

TERRIBLE FATE OF A COOLIE.

LOCKED IN A BURNING GODOWN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 6

The body of a coolie has been been discovered in the debris of Ralli Brothers' fire. The man, it seems, had got locked into the building and was unable to escape. The body was found in a drain into which the poor creature had tried to crawl. It now appears that he was heard calling for help when the fire was on, but it was not realised at the time that he was inside.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

CALCUTTA, FEB. 6.

The following postings of R. A. Officers have been ordered :—Captain Yates, R. G. A., is posted to No. 62 Company; Captain Swettenham, No. 62 Company is posted to No. 81 Company, R. G. A.; Lieutenants Harrington and Ward, R. F. A., are posted to No. 8, Ammunition Column, Lieutenant Harvey, R. F. A., is posted to 77th Battery, Lieutenant Allsup, No. 59 Company, has been transferred to No. 90 Company (heavy battery) R. G. A. vice Lieut Nicholson deceased. Major Buckle, R. F. A., has been posted to the 29th Battery.

THE ROYAL TOUR.

PRESENTATION OF A STANDARD TO THE CARABINIERS.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, FEB. 6.

The Prince of Wales, this morning, presented new Standard to the Carabiniers who were raised in 1685 and whose long record was added to by distinguished service throughout the Boer war. The Bishop of Madras conducted the religious service assisted by the Rev. A. A. Flynn, Chaplain of the Regiment. The Prince having presented the Standard addressed Colonel Leader and the Regiment, congratulating them on their record.

His Royal Highness said :—

"Colonel Leader, Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and men of the Carabiniers,—It is the first time that I have presented a Standard to a Cavalry Regiment, and I am especially glad to do so to a Regiment which has a history so distinguished as yours. It has served ten sovereigns. Founded in 1685, its services were rewarded only eight years later by King William III who granted it the title of 'Carabiniers' by which name the regiment has ever since been known; it gained renown upon the battlefields of the great Duke of Marlborough, while in the past century it earned fresh laurels in the campaigns of the Crimea, Indian Mutiny and South Africa. On such an occasion as this it is only right that a regiment should recall with pride the deeds done by it in the past. I entrust this consecrated Standard to your care and I know that you will look up to it with those same feelings of loyalty to your King and country as have ever characterised the Carabiniers."

Colonel Leader replied thanking the Prince for the honour conferred upon the Regiment.

The Prince, on driving from the Parade Ground, visited the Station Hospital.

Their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales were present this afternoon at a garden party in the Residency grounds when a number of Mysore State officials and native officers were presented to them as well as European officers and local residents.

Their Royal Highnesses leave to-morrow morning for Hyderabad.

"FOR GALLANTRY."

MEDALS FOR WORKERS IN THE DHARMSALA EARTHQUAKE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 6.

The Chapter General of the Order of The Hospital of St. John of Jerusalem in England has, on the recommendation of the Commander-in-Chief in India, conferred the medal for Distinguished Acts of Gallantry in saving life on land at imminent personal risk on a number of officers and men in recognition of their gallantry during the earthquake at Dharmsala on the 4th of April last.

Silver medals are awarded to Major Patrick Grant, I. M. S., Lieut. Orchard, 1st Bat. 1st Gurkhas, Lieut. Evans and Subadar Khial, Sing Gurung, 2nd Battalion, 1st Gurkhas, Captain Stansfield, Lieut. Hartwell, Subadar-Major Birbal Nagarkoti and Subadar Abiram Gurung, 7th Gurkhas. Bronze medals are awarded to 14 Native Officers and men of the same regiments.

RELIGIOUS FESTIVAL DISTURBANCE AT CALCUTTA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 6.

The Bakri Id passed off here quietly with the one exception of a fight between Hindus and Mahomedans in Chitpore Road, where a small Hindu temple, opposite the Musjid, was rushed and some heads broken before the Police arrived and put a stop to the disturbance. A number of arrests has been made.

DEATH OF R TOM LE MESURIER.

News was received in Bombay, yesterday morning of the death in Calcutta, of Mr. Tom Le Mesurier of Poona.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, FEB. 6.

News reached Poona this morning of the death of Mr. Tom Le Mesurier, one of our oldest and best known residents. He recently left Poona for Calcutta on special duty with the Revenue Survey. He had been slightly unwell for some few months, suffering from heart complications, from which he has died. Mr. Le Mesurier was Honorary Secretary of the Western India Turf Club for six or seven years, Honorary Secretary of the Club of Western India for ten years and Honorary Secretary of the Poona Boat Club, and a leading man in sports for many years, being also connected with the recent boxing tournaments in Poona. He belonged to the Revenue Survey for more than twenty years and was Superintendent of the Government Photozinco Office at Poona. Mr. Le Mesurier was an excellent artist and water-colour painter, and took a great interest in the Poona Fine Arts Exhibition, which has been held here for many years. He was a splendid organizer and will be much missed here. He had just entered on the first year of his extension of service, as he was fifty-six years of age. Several offices were closed to-day, out of repect to his memory.

The following to the official record of hir career :—Mr. T. Le Mesurier (Bedford, Grammar School,) Superintendent of the Government Photozincographic office, who was born in October 1850, joined the service in September 1870. In July of the following year, he worked in Sind as Supernumerary Assistant Settlement Officer, Left Bank Indus Survey, and in December of the same year, was promoted to the post of Assistant Settlement Officer therein. He was out of employ from May to September 1873. He was then transferred to Gujerat as probationary Assistant Superintendent Revenue Survey and Settlement, in connection with which he served till April 1875. In May 1877, Mr. Le Musurier was retransferred to the Gujerat Revenue Survey and employed on duty under Major Haig at Poona. Having worked subsequently at Ratnaghiri, he was in March 1883 appointed to act as Superintendent Government Photozincographic Office, in which office he was confirmed in March 1885.

NEWS LATER THAN THE MAIL.

THE ELECTION CAMPAIGN.

LABOUR VICTORIES.

WELCOMED BY ASQUITH.

London, Jan. 20.—In the course of an address which he delivered at St Andrew's in Fifeshire, on Friday night, Mr. Asquith, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, referring to the recent warnings and forebodings of the Conservative press in respect to the Labour victories, said it would appear that the Home Rule bogey had now been superseded by the socialist bogey. For himself, he hailed the advent of the Labour members as an enormous gain to the House of Commons, where they would speedily realise the complex organisation of the body politic, unlearn some of the things which they originally believed in, drop the visionary ideals which now formed part of their platform, and generally, be steadied by the responsibility of their position.

Mr. Asquith also referred to the imputations of disingenuousness and bad faith on the Chinese Labour question in South Africa which have been levelled against the Government by ex-Ministers, and by Mr. Balfour in particular, and said he altogether denied that the Liberals had been guilty of conducting a "campaign of mendacity and passion." The Liberals had won the election because the people preferred the plain, commonplace, uncoloured facts of history to the gaudy fictions which had characterised the tariff propaganda of the Balfour and Chamberlain sections of the Unionist party.

Continuing, Mr. Asquith said the Liberals had no sympathy with Mr. Chamberlain's ideal of a self-supporting, self-contained empire, thinking it far better to encourage the fresh commercial intercourse between the nations of the world.

LIBERALS AND NATIONALISTS.

THE MAJORITY QUESTION.

London, Jan. 20.—The independent majority of which Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman is now assured has caused alarm in some Nationalist circles in Ireland, lest that he may, in the circumstances, be tempted to disregard that party's claims in Parliament.

THE IRISH VOTE IN ENGLAND.

The "Catholic Weekly," a newspaper published in London, in the course of an article on the Liberal successes, states that the Irish votes cast in favour of the Liberals at the present elections were given on the distinct understanding that the English Catholic schools should not be injured by that party.

EFFECTS IN AFRICA.

BOND ORGANS JUBILANT.

The Africander Bond organs of public opinion in South Africa are jubilant at the results of the English elections, believing that the Liberal majority will be antagonistic to Imperialism, thus weakening British influence in S. Africa.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN'S RETURN.

COLONIAL CONGRATULATIONS.

The number of letters and telegrams of congratulation on his re-election, which have been received by Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, constitute a record in respect to any similar circumstance in Britain during the last twenty years. Congratulatory telegrams from the colonies to Mr. Chamberlain have been especially numerous.

THE HAMBURG RIOTS.

London, Jan. 20.—The barricade fighting which marked the commencement of the riots at Hamburg, in Germany, a few days ago, has been followed by the plundering and destroying of a number of shops. Mounted police dispersed the rioters, many of whom were sabred. Twenty of the police were wounded in suppressing the riot.

NEW ZEALAND FOOTBALLERS.

A FAREWELL ENTERTAINMENT.

MESSAGE FROM THE KING.

London, January 20th.—The New Zealanders in London yesterday entertained the New Zealand team of Rugby footballers at a soiree in the Holborn Town Hall.

Lord Kinnaird, who presided, read a letter from Lord Knollys, Private Secretary to the King, expressing His Majesty's hope that the team had enjoyed their visit, and wishing them a safe and pleasant voyage home.

Hundreds farewelled the team at Waterloo railway station, among those present being Mr. W. P. Reeves, High Commissioner for New Zealand, Mr. Rowland Hill, chairman of the English Rugby Union, and the leading footballers

PEARL FISHERY TROUBLES.

THE AFGHAN AND ARAB DIVERS.

FEARS OF A REVOLT AT SEA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

COLOMBO, FEB. 1.

The s.s. Afghan left for Bombay last night, taking back the Arab divers numbering nearly 700, who were to be landed here for the Pearl Fishery. Two deaths occurred on board and the Harbour authorities, finding it advisable, ordered the ship to go back to Bombay. The divers were accordingly informed that they had made a useless voyage to Ceylon and that their services would not be required for the Pearl Fishery. The Capt., fearing a revolt at sea, addressed the Commander of H. M. S. Perseus which was about to go to Bombay asking to be escorted to that port. The Perseus was about to start, when the message was received, so the letter was transferred to the Captain of H. M. S. Renown which is also leaving for Bombay, but not till Saturday. This period being too long, the Captain of the Afghan boldly left without an escort. It may be mentioned that all the time the vessel was anchored outside the harbour, there was a small "posse" of harbour constables on duty on board. These were landed and all last night were in the quarantine sheds and this morning they were despatched by train to Ragama for the prescribed period.

DISCOVERY OF AN ARAB CORPSE.

This morning at about 8 o'clock, the Harbour Police were informed of a corpse floating outside the breakwater just near the breakwater Light-house. By the time the Police launch went out to fetch it, the body was opposite to the Battenberg Battery, where it was picked up and taken to the mortuary. The body is said to be that of one of the Arabs on the s.s. Afghan, nothing is known as to how the man met with his death. A number of Arabs, as soon as they heard of this, proceeded to the mortuary, but none could identify the man, except as being an Arab.

DEPARTURE OF THE R. I. M. S. CANNING.

THE Royal Indian Marine steamer Canning Commander A. J. Marsack, sailed on Monday night for Karachi, with the 40th Battery, R.F.A., and details consisting of 8 officers, 4 ladies, and 2 children, 5 warrant officers, 3 women, and 5 children, 131 men, rank and file, 4 women and 10 children, 9 native details, 33 followers, and 145 horses: The following are the names of the officers :—Major E. P. England, Lieutenant E. V. Sarson, Lieutenant and Mrs. C. W. Lyonard and Lieutenant G. F. Roper, R.F.A. Captains Hockin, 35th S. Horse, and Dunn 2nd R. I. Rifles, wife of Captain Hulsebury, Sind Volunteer Rifles, Captain and Mrs. Cousens and 2 children, R. F. A., Captain and Mrs. Graves and 2 children, A. D. Corps.

THE BAZAAR FIRE.

BRINGING OUT THE DEAD.

OFFICIAL REPORT AND INQUEST.

When the denizens of the Crawford Market awoke yesterday morning, volumes of smoke were still issuing from the building which was gutted on the evening of Monday. All day long the scene of the conflagration was visited by considerable crowds of sightseers, and when the sun rose over the blackened ruins it was easily seen what an awful holocaust the catastrophe was. Of all the great quantities of furniture which had filled the building nothing remained but heaps of charred and smouldering spars. In the course of the day the building was entered and the ruins searched for the remains of the unfortunate victims of the Fire-fiend. Slowly the sickening work of gathering up the unrecognisable ashes of the dead was proceeded with, and when as much as could be found of one corpse was discovered the mutilated parts were placed on ambulance stretchers and covered over with a cloth and flowers sprinkled on the top. It was a touching spectacle, and the agonised curiosity of mind of the bereaved relatives—as it is difficult to know which bundle of remains was which—was painful to witness. A strange solemnity hung over the usually noisy thoroughfare notwithstanding the large crowds present throughout the day. The following is the official report issued by Superintendent Sanderson of the B. Division, to the Commissioner of Police.

About 6-30 p.m., on Monday, a fire broke out on the ground floor of a five-storied building belonging to one Alimahomed Gulamhoosein situated at Chuckla Street which quickly spread through the entire building causing damage to the extent of about Rs. 3,86,000. It appears that the ground floor in which the fire originated was occupied by one Mahomed Munji who carries on business under the name of the "English Bedstead Trading Company" and the place was stocked with cots, mattresses, packing cases, loose grass in which the materials had been packed. It would seem that at about 6 30 p.m. a servant named Pedro DeSouza, employed in the shop took a kerosine oil lamp into a room at the back part of the shop to get out a mattress which was required by a customer and in pulling out the mattress upset the lamp into the loose hay which at once blazed up setting fire to all the other inflammable articles in the shop. An alarm was immediately raised and the people residing on the upper stories commenced to rush out of the building down the staircase; but before they could all get out, the fire had got a hold of the staircase. After which many were rescued through the windows on to the roofs of the adjoining houses. Sub-Inspectors Ryan and Jennet sustained injuries in rescuing people from the house and had to be removed to Hospital, the former with injury to his right hand in attempting to break some glass and the latter with an injury to his back by slipping on the staircase. The Fire Brigade was quickly on the scene and commenced to work, but the pressure of water was insufficient for the first hour or so and the building was completely gutted before the fire was got under. The adjoining buildings were saved and the engines were stopped shortly before midnight. The following persons are missing and are believed to have perished :—Haji Hooseln, aged eight years, son of Abdula Tharia, who resided on the 3rd storey; Jafferali, aged four years, son of Alimahomed Shivji who resided on the 4th storey, and Khavbai, aged forty-five years, aunt of Alimahomed Shivji; Noorbanoo aged 22 years who resided with her brother Alimahomed Gulam Hoosein, the owner of the house, on the 5th storey, and her daughter aged nine months, Kherunisha, aged four years and Kulsumbai, aged ten months, daughter of Alimahomed Gulam Hoosein, also his step mother named Mungibai, aged thirty years and his two female servants, whose names are not known. Alimahomed, aged six months, who resided with his father Mahomed Meherali on the 4th storey was being rescued from a window on to the roof of the house adjoining by the ayah when she accidently let him fall to the ground, a distance of about thirty feet and he sustained such injuries that he died shortly after being removed to the G. T. Hospital. The following is the extent of the damage sustained by the several people residing in the house as far as is known upto the present:—Mahomed Munji Rs. 40,000, insured for Rs. 35,000 Gulamhoosein Nurmahomed Rs. 6,000, Hasan Kanji, Rs. 5,000 Mahomed Rowji Lakrivalla Rs. 15,000; Heerbai woman Rs. 500, Nurmahomed Vali Rs 30,000, Dhalla Jairaj Rs. 4,000, Jalnabai woman Rs. 1,000, Abdulla Tharia Rs. 5,000, Mahomed Meherali Rs. 67,000, Alimahomed Shivji Rs. 7,000, Jaffer Fazul Rowji Rs. 6,000 and Ali Manomed Gulam Hoosein Rs. 1,40,000. The last is insured for Rs. 65,000.

It will be observed that the official report bears out in a remarkable degree the correctness of the information conveyed in these columns yesterday touching the sad occurrence, i. e., the origin of the catastrophe, the cause of Sub-Inspector Ryan's injuries, the scarcity of water and the bereavements sustained by the owner of the ill-fated house, Mr. Ali Mahomed Goolam Hoosein, and of the mad rush of the occupants of the building down the central staircase, which was already in a furious blaze at its base. In our head-line we feared a loss of ten lives. It has now been ascertained that the number of lives lost was eleven. At a quarter to eight last evening the inquest on the bodies of the victims was commenced in the furniture shop opposite the gutted building. The remains lay, as stated above, in a line beneath the shadow of their last home, covered with flowers, while the torches which flickered about among the people lent a ghastly weirdness to the scene.

The enquiry was held by Mr. P. Byrne, on the body of an infant Ali Mahomed Mahomed Ali Merali, aged seven months, who died as stated in the official report, at the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, where he had been conveyed in consequence of injuries received through being dropped by his ayah while she was escaping with the child. Superintendent Henderson was present and led the evidence. After the body had been identified by its father, Mohamed Ali, the enquiry was adjourned till Thursday the 8th instant at 11 a.m. at the Morgue. It was stated that the number of bodies recovered from the debris was seven, and these were allowed to be disposed of by the Coroner as being purely cases of accident. The bodies were recovered in such a condition as to render identification impossible. Late last night three other bodies still remained unidentified. One of the plucky acts witnessed during the fire was that of Mr. Edwin Crampton of the Government Telegraph Department, who, at considerable risk to himself, rushed forward into the heat of the flames and succeeded in rendering to Sub-Inspector Ryan timely help at the moment of his accident.

THE CEYLON CRICKET TEAM FOR BOMBAY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

COLOMBO, FEB. 1.

A meeting of the Central Committee to finally select the Cricket team for Bombay, was held yesterday afternoon. Unfortunately Mr. D. L. de Saram was absent, having gone out of Colombo. It was intimated that Kelaart had expressed his inability to make the trip, and, the Committee not being sure of De Saram's willingness to join the team, it was decided to telegraph to him. For reasons that are doubtless good, the Committee are not willing to publish the names of the team selected, but the certainties appear to be: Rozaire, Weinman, Pollocks, D. Joseph, C. E. Pereira, C. Boteju, Claude Orr, J. C. Heyzer, F. Weerasuriya, D. B. Gunasekera A. Raffel, and E. Ondatjie.

It is understood that a final effort is being made to induce Kelaart to join the team, and if De Saram is a certainty, the combination will be a strong one.

Raffel has, it is said, been selected to captain the team, though not necessarily in matches, for he may be a reserve. He has, however, been putting in a lot of practice recently, while he was to-day reported at the general meeting of the Colts Club as heading the bowling averages for 1905 with 6 runs a wicket.

MARINE COURT OF INQUIRY.

GROUNDING OF THE S. S. WAROONGA.

THE Marine Court of Inquiry, consisting of Mr. N. W. Kemp, Chief Presidency Magistrate, (President), Captain E. K. Wright, Master of the s. s. China, Captain H. G. L. Lewellin, Master of the s. s. Oriental, Captain T. Kerr, and Captain A. Haig, was resumed yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court.

Mr. E. F. Nicholson, Government Solicitor, appeared to conduct the proceedings on behalf of Government, while Mr. Noble, of the firm of Messrs. Smetham, Byrne and Noble, Solicitors, appeared on behalf of Captain C. Forbes, who was in command of the 'Waroonga' when she stranded.

Mr. Harry James Reville, Chief Officer on board the s. s. Waroonga, deposed that he was on board when the ship started on the 11th December last on her voyage to Koweit and Bahrein. These harbours were familiar to him. The vessel had on board when she left Bombay, a Captain and 3 Officers, about 35 deck crew, besides 20 in the saloon including cooks, &c. There were also about 100 deck passengers and 2 or 3 saloon passengers. Three or four hundred more passengers were taken on at Koweit going to Bahrein, on the afternoon of the 31st December. During the watch, witness consulted the chart and found she was going S. 52 E. Witness could not say if the Captain had directed the course to Farsi Island at that time. Witness first found that the ship had stranded as soon as he came on watch. He sent for the carpenter and went on the bridge after giving him orders to sound the wells. A few minutes later, witness was informed that there was no increase of water in the tank. The ship was an hour and ten minutes aground. There was a deal of excitement at the time among the crew and many hands were called to stand by. On the 1st December, witness had to relieve the Captain owing to his being drunk. The third Officer on this occasion had reported to witness that the Captain was steering a dangerous course. Witness went up to the bridge, but could not find the Captain there. On searching for him witness found the Captain lying in a First Class Cabin. Witness told the Captain that he had steered the ship in a dangerous course and if this continued they would run ashore. The Captain answered "Alright, you go and take charge of the ship." He looked as if he had been drinking. Witness' opinion was that the Captain at the time was incapable of taking charge of the ship. Witness took the ship into Bahrein. During the whole of that time the Captain never appeared on the bridge. On the day following the Captain took over charge of the ship and steered her out of Bahrein. From hence to Muscat on the voyage the Captain was occasionally under the influence of liquor. At Muscat, witness telegraphed to the Marine Superintendent at Bombay, reporting Captain Forbes for drunkenness and carelessness. Witness received instructions at Karachi from the Agents to take over charge of the ship till they returned to Bombay.

From the time the ship left Koweit till the stranding the Captain was never any the worse for liquor. About 10 or 11 a.m., on the 29th December, the 3rd Officer told witness that the ship was being steered on a dangerous course. Witness went on the bridge, and took the position of the ship, and discovered they were really on a dangerous course. Witness then altered the course. At noon on that day the Captain appeared again the worse for liquor, and fell down the bridge. He could not get up, and had to be carried to his cabin. Witness again took charge of the ship and took her into Koweit. Excepting the two occasions referred to, witness never saw the Captain drunk. To his knowledge the Captain had always been a teetotaller. At Koweit witness gave orders for restricting the Captain's liquor, but withdrew it on the following day on a promise from the Captain that he would not drink again. The navigation of Bahrein and Koweit would be intricate to a man not accustomed to the course. The weather was clear during the voyage.

In answer to Mr. Noble witness said he did not know if the Captain suffered from neuralgia between the 29th December, and 1st January. After leaving Bahrein, however, the Captain had complained of neuralgia.

To the Court.—In my opinion there were not 13 feet on the shoal, when the ship grounded, but only 14 feet. The ship was drawing 15 feet 6 inches. The ship was under the personal orders of the Captain from the time, she went ashore until she got off. As far as I know the Captain's health has always been good, and I never knew him to suffer from neuralgia till after we left Bahrein.

THE CAPTAIN'S EVIDENCE.

Charles Scott Forbes, examined by Mr. Nicholson, said :—I commanded the Waroonga on her voyage to Persian Gulf commencing on 11th December last. I hold a certificate as master granted by the Board of Trade at Aberdeen on the 11th August 1899. Our crew, all told, was about a hundred. We had about 80 passengers going to Koweit. I am not sure what number of passengers came on board at Koweit. This was my first voyage to Koweit. The port we touched at before was Bushire, where I had been before. I knew that the Chief Officer knew Koweit. I have been on the Waroonga since October last, and sixteen years in the Company. During that time I have been four years as master. We left Bushire on the 28th December. We steamed N 83 W true. We continued on that course till 10 a.m., on the 29th. We then changed it to N 42 W true. I changed it to N 18 W true. I was in charge of the ship when that course was changed. For the time the Chief Officer assumed charge of the ship going into Koweit. He took charge because I was unfit to do my work. My explanation is that on the night of the 28th I had been five hours on the bridge. The weather was very cold, and I caught neuralgia in my head and face. I took whisky as a remedy. On the morning of the 29th, it had an effect on me. I took about three wine-glasses full at different times. It intoxicated me. I did not know I had given over charge of the ship to the Chief Officer. I recovered at Koweit. When I took the ship to sea from Koweit I was perfectly able to do so. About 4-30 on the afternoon of the 31st the course was laid down by me. That course was laid two miles off Farsi Island. I was on the look-out for Farsi Island. I had seen Farsi Island before the 3rd Officer reported it to me. I altered the course to S 24 E true. At 10-5 I again altered the course to S 41 E true. This was to avoid Arabi Island and the effect of the flood tide. The moon was setting and it was getting dark. I told the 3rd Officer to keep the course for 5 miles to get past Arabi Island. After 5 miles he was to steer on the old course and let me know. I was on the bridge from 9-30 to a little after 10. The course set would carry us pretty close to Rennie Shoal. I expected the flood tide to carry us to the westward of that course. I considered the course I set was a safe one. I had never done the voyage from Koweit to Bahrein and had no assistance of any one who had. The 2nd Officer came to call me at 2-30 a. m. He said the course would carry us a little fine of Rennie Shoal. I altered the course about 3. a. m., I told the 2nd Officer to cast the patent lead at 2-30, 3 and 3-30 a.m., and to start heaving the telegraph lead every quater of an hour from 4 a.m., I checked the soundings with the chart, I was in the chart room when the vessel grounded. I went on the bridge the enginee were going astern. There was scarcely any shock. She started to move astern slowly shortly after I ordered soundings to be taken all around. I went down to the saloon where I sat down, went to have a bath and change. I was again suffering from neuralgia, and face-ache and tried to cure it with whisky. The whisky went to my head. The Chief Officer came to me and asked me what was the matter. I told him I was feeling bad, and that he should take charge of the ship. I was very much upset about the ship going ashore, very tired, and altogether knocked up. I did not take the ship to Bahrein, I reported the stranding at Karachi

CHARGE FRAMED.

The inquiry having closed, his Worship framed a charge against the Captain of committing a gross act of misconduct, being on the 29th December, and 1st January under the influence of liquor and incapable, and endangering the lives of the people who were on the ship.

After hearing Mr. Nicholson and Mr. Noble respectively, the Court reserved judgment till Friday afternoon.

THE AGRICULTURAL CONFERENCE.

THE Conference appointed by the Bombay Government for the discussion of Agricultural questions, met yesterday in the Council Hall, Bombay Secretariat, at 11 a.m, the Hon. Mr. J. W. F. Muir-Mackenzie, member of the H. E. the Governor's Council presiding. In the Conference were discussed minute questions concerning agriculture, such as the constitution of the ryots in India, Agricultural Colleges, exhibitions of agricultural products, teaching the ryots the best methods in agriculture, cotton growing, sugar, manufacturing agricultural banks, co-operative societies as aided by the State agricultural departments, and many other details besides. At the Conference were passed the two following resolutions: That the Government be requested to establish one or more plantations in the Kanara District under the control of the Forest Department for experimentation with products especially suited to forest areas; That this Conference desires to impress upon Government their view that the expenditure now being incurred on agricultural developments is of a most useful character and should not be curtailed except under stress of the most urgent financial necessity. After a hearty vote of thanks to the President, the Conference rose.

ART, MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

At the Grafton Galleries.

LONDON SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.

CYRIL MAUDE AND WINIFRED EMERY.

LONDON, JAN. 19.

THE eighth exhibition recently opened at the Grafton Gallery, presents a very different appearance from that originally held at the New Gallery. There is now much more to show, since there has come into existence a class of workers who look forward to "the Art and Craft" as an opportunity of bringing their work before the public. The average standard of excellency, too, is markedly higher, though there is no Burne Jones or William Morri to give distinction to the walls and some prominent members of the Society are not so well represented as they have sometimes been. The notable thing, however, at the Grafton Gallery this year is the change that has gradually come over the exhibitions of the Society. Beginning as they did with the idea of calling attention not only to the artistic side of craftsmanship but to the claims of the craftsman to rank as an artist, they included in the first years a large proportion of designs for manufacturers, and a point of interest in them was the showing side by side a design and the work done from it. Since, however, working drawings do not make a particularly attractive exhibit and manufactured things are difficult to show without suggesting the shop, the Society seems to have drifted right away from what is called industry. We come, indeed, upon metal and cabinet work (by Benson and Morris and Co.), glass (by Powell and Sons), pottery (by the Pilkington Tile and Pottery Company and Mr. Howson Taylor), textile (by Turnbull and Stockdale,) and wallpapers (by Jeffrey and Co. and Essex and Co.), designed or exhibited by members of the Society; but the trades generally have ceased, for want of encouragement, to send contributions; and the exhibition, following the line of least resistance, has become more and more a display of such craftsmanship as an artist may execute with his own hand—of autograph work, in fact.

The walls of the galleries are now perhaps the least interesting portion of the show, the centre of attraction being the cases in which are displayed the thousands of small articles of jewellery, enamel, silversmiths, work, embroidery, beadwork, bookbinding, script, illumination, and other objets de luxe which appeal to the public at large, and especially to the fashionable part of it, as work of a larger and more serious kind would never do. It has the unfailing attraction of a bazaar, a place where you may find something to buy. There is no falling off in the workmanship exhibited any more than in the interest of the design. There is on the contrary a vast improvement in it. Men who in the last exhibition or the one before last were not much more than amateurs in craftsmanship now show themselves to be capable craftsmen, some few of them seem actually to have gone over to something like manufacture. More is the pity some will say. But if they only help, as surely they must to relieve the dulness and mitigate the ugliness of the industrial output, the net result of the Society's effort to improve the conditions of production will not, after all, have been so futile as it may have seemed.

Detailed account of the exhibition is here out of the question. The Grafton Galleries lend themselves in some ways better to the display of the very miscellaneous things collected there than the New Gallery did, though the crowded cases (necessary to contain them) rather spoil the general effect. The octagon-room is devoted chiefly to furniture, pottery, and glass, the walls being hung more with a view to general effect than to any systematic grouping of separate things. The big gallery is hung with cartoons and textiles, and contains also a wonderful collection of books printed, written, illuminated, and bound in more or less luxurious fashion. In the middle gallery are the attractive cases of jewellery and silversmiths' work, some excellent furniture, and the greater part of the embroidery. The end gallery is given over chiefly to a selection of work from the County Council schools. Whether this is altogether a wise innovation may be questioned. It does not, of course, add to the strength of the exhibition, and the hangers have found a difficulty in keeping it entirely apart. In itself and from the educational point of view, it is interesting enough but it has a false air of introducing into the exhibition an element of home-art-ishness which, though some of the earlier Arts and Crafts Exhibitions suffered from it, is, as a matter of fact, all but eliminated from the present show.

Sir Charles Villiers Stanford conducted the fourth concert of the London symphony orchestra the other afternoon. Included in the programme was his own Symphony (No. 6. in E flat), which was played magnificently for the first time under his direction. One may possibly suggest that Tschaikowsky had some influence in the composition of this particular score, but the fine quality of the music, and the intense sympathy with a sort of national idea in music, exemplified particularly in the third movement, belong entirely to the composer himself. To refer to any sort of imitation in music, when one is concerned with a composer of so great a repute as that possessed by Sir Charles Stanford would be, of course, superfluous. It must necessarily happen that phrases which are compiled out of the diatonic scale must now and then overlap one another. With that we leave any further mention of imitation, and turn to the actual score which Stanford has writtten. He shows that he is well acquainted with Strauss, and with all the modern music of these times, he infuses into his work a freshness and a virility of touch which cannot be described as anything but admirable. The Adagio of the Symphony is not only charming, it is also singularly graceful. Stanford has learnt one of the greatest lessons of art—to eliminate complexity from a score which really demands simplicity. To sum the matter up his melodies flow even as a running brooklet flows towards the river which finally reaches its home in the broad sea.

He has the gift which is not often to be found even in great musicians—the gift, we mean, of multitudinous ideas. To complete our criticism of a work of singular importance, written by a composer whose name has recently been prominent before the world, one would say that score itself is an excellent tribute to the memory of George Frederick Watts, even though one might have desired that the musician should have selected for his inspiration pictorial compositions more absolutely identified with the genius of the man whom Sir Charles Villiers Stanford has honoured in a manner which with the smallest exception, deserves all words of praise, and of such a tribute as should prove that all great work is undying. Mr. Arthur De Greef took the pianoforte solo in Grieg's Concerto in A minor for that instrument and orchestra. Mr. De Greef is a very strenuous player, and approaches the music of Grieg with something too much of violence. One is constantly reminded of certain quotations from Hamlet—Oh, that this too too solid flesh would melt! being one of them—by reason of the fact that, excellent player as he is, he is inclined to render his art in rather a too emphatic manner. The concert, on the whole, was extremely interesting, not only by reason of the fact that Sir Charles Stanford, on this occasion, conducted his own Symphony for the first time but also by reason of the excellent playing which the members of the London Symphony Orchestra gave us since the great success which they recently achieved in Paris. Is is a good thing to understand and to realise that English music is now being acknowledged, whether in composition or in interpretation, on the Continent, as belonging to really serious and fine art.

Mr. Cyril Maude and Miss Winifred Emery had the warmest of welcomes when, their own house unfortunately demolished, they took the stage of the Waldorf. The first to be seen was Mr. Maude, who appeared as a tramp in The Partikler Pet, the curtain-raiser adapted by Mr. Edward Knoblauch from

Max Maurey's L'asile de nuit. The scene is the superintendent's office in a casual ward, and the tramp on presenting himself is for a time treated roughly. When the superintendent suddenly relaxes, not only does he return the tramp the cutty of which a few minutes before he had deprived him, but he is lavish of his own tobacco wherewith to fill it. The fact is that the superintendent, unknown to the tramp, has taken it into his head that his visitor is a journalist in disguise, an amateur casual who has studied other workhouses from within and has made public the inhumanity with which they are conducted. Hence he loads the suspect with indulgences and gifts. The mystified tramp takes all that is going, and some things that are not, and as he withdraws for a luxurious night's rest remarks to the casual whom the superintendent has raised to be his factotum, Who's the partikler pet now? The little piece is a joke rather than a play, but with Mr. Maude as the most whimsical of cheery and bewildered tramps, Mr. Percival Stevens as a portly superintendent, now officious and now obsequious, and Mr. G. M. Graham as the casual advanced to office, it afforded genuine amusement. It will go still better if slightly compressed and taken in brisker time.

Miss Winifred Emery had to wait for a welcome till the curtain rose on Mr. Sidney Bowkett's comedy, The Superior Miss Pellender. Mr. Bowkett has come to the front with Lacky Miss Dean. In more than one respect the two plays are similar. In each there are but six characters, and all are more or less principles. There is not a servant in either and the fact, which it is fashionable to slight that married people occasionally have children is recognised in both. Save for Mr. Tister, the only characters are Mrs. Pellender and her four children. She is a young and attractive widow; he an amiable and well-to-do bachelor. The two have come to an understanding while all her children are away on a holiday. The question is how to break the news to the children, and especially to Miss Pellender, the eldest daughter, a girl of seventeen, an aggressive prig with a profound conviction of her own rectitude and sagacity. In her own eyes she is infallible. Mrs. Pellender makes some faint-hearted attempts to familiarise her with the idea of a stepfather. All she does it to make her daughter think herself the lady in question. Tister ultimately convinces Mrs. Pellender that the only solution is to elope, to get married secretly, and then to face the family with the fact.

INDIAN INVENTIONS AND DESIGNS.

APPLICATIONS in respect of the undermentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act during the week ending 27th January 1906: dolf Braun, electrical engineer, of Westinghouse rks, Trafford Park, Manchester, England, improv ments relating to systems of electrical distribution.—Nicholas Forde Johnson, engineer of 3 Westhorpe street, Putney, in the country of London, England, improvements in and relating to the furnaces of steam boilers.—Fred Ogden, managing director of the firm of E. Brooksbank and Company, Limited, lubricating specialists, of Station Oil Works, Keighley, in the country of York, England, improved method of and means for lubricating rotary shafts.—Henry Beatson Morrison, bootmaker of John street, Singleton, in the state of New South Wales, commonwealth of Australia, improvements in the heels of boots and shoes.—Reuben Entwistle, retired mill manager, of 19 Albion street Kearsley, near Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, England, improvements in or relating to apparatus for ginning or similarly treating cotton, wool and other fibrous substances.—Albert Lincoln Johnson, civil engineer, a citizen of the United States and a resident of the city of St. Louis and state of Missouri, improvement in corrugated bars —John Joseph Hedelier, mechanical engineer, of [illegible] street Chicago county of Cook, state of Illinois, United States of America, acetylene generator. Edward King, vacuum brake inspector, North-Western Railway Lahore, an improved railway brake in combination with the vacuum brake at present in use to be known as the Automatic Brake Power Regulator.—Hugo Lentz, engineer, of 10-44 Potsdamerstrasse, Berlin in the empire of Germany and Charles Berlin, engineer, of 43 rue de Chezy, Neuilly-SurSeine in the French Republic improvements in and relating to steam distribution for locomotives.—Edmund Percy Wells, civil engineer of 94 Larkhall Rise Clapham in the county of London, England, improvements in reinforced concrete construction. Serge Berditschowsky Apostoloff, engineer of 93 and 94 Upper Thames street London, England an improvement in separating and utilizing the floury constituent of middlings and the like.—Ranji Bhailal Patel, Director of Agriculture and Industries, Baroda State British India, automatic fly shuttle arrangement for hand looms. Roger John Bennett, workshop foreman, Bengal Nagpur Railway, Shalimar, improvements in securing railway signals.—Andrew John Hudleston, civil engineer, Southern Mahrat a Railway, Dharwar, Bombay Presidency British India Improvements in the locking of railway points and controlling signals in connection with same.

ANNUAL PILGRIMAGE TO BASSEIN FORT.

THIS year the feast of St. Gonsalo Garcia took place on Sunday last and was solemnized with much eclat St. Gonsalo Garcia was born at Bassein, martyred in Japan on the 4th February 1597 at Misko, beatified in 1627 by Pope Urban VIII, and canonized by Pius IX in 1862. The devotion to the Saint in India appears to have been originated, fostered and promoted by Rev Father P. A. Fernandes, formerly Chaplain, St. Theresa's, Girgaum, now Vicar St. Andrew's, Bandora. The zealous father's efforts have been enthusiastically seconded and forwarded by the Archbishop-Bishop of Damaun, whose co-operation was so essentially needed for its success. On the 28th February, 1903, the Most Revd. Dom Sebastiao Jose Pereira set his foot for the first time on the once flourishing Portuguese Settlement of Bassein and the principal parishioners of Bassein in the address presented to him that day recalled to his Grace's mind how, in the past the "Religious Orders" vied with each other for the salvation of souls, the establishment of colleges, schools and monasteries, and for the promotion of learning," and reminded the prelate that the present condition of this land, the birthplace of St. Gonsalo Garcia, and of martyrs of the Agashi, appealed for help to him and to the monarch who had sent him for their good. Ever since then, and owing to the sympathy shown and the keen interest taken by the illustrious prelate, and the exertions of Rev Father Fernandes and others, the 'cultus' to the Saint has increased and is far spreading. From early in the morning on Sunday, streams of pilgrims and devotees began to flow into the old and historic city, and the different roads leading to the ruined fort were thronged with crowds of people hastening to witness the proceedings and participate in the solemnities. There were many low masses his Grace the Archbishop-Bishop of Damaun, having granted to his clergy the rare privilege of saying two masses on the occasion.—By 11 o'clock the crowd assumed gigantic proportions, for the people had poured there in numbers by boats, by rail, by carts of various description, and on foot. The Solemn Pontifical High Mass, at which the Most Revd Dom Sebastiao Jose Pereira officiated, was indeed an imposing ceremony. It commenced at 11-30 a. m. and ended at about 1-30 p.m. Rev P. A. Fernandes preached on the life of the Saint There was a large attendance of Clergy from Bombay, Bandora and from various parts of Salsette and Bassein. Some European gentlemen were also present, and the ceremony was really impressive and grand. The avenues leading to the church were tastefully decorated and spanned with arches, bearing appropriate devices and mottoes. The "tout ensemble" was a picture which cannot be easily forgotten.

The Bath for Tender Feet.

Eminent Physicians strongly recommend the addition of a little Condy's Fluid to the Daily Bath or Foot Bath. (See Medical Reports in Book on bottle).

Tired, Tender or Aching Feet are instantly relieved and all trace of Odour immediately disappears.

Condy's Fluid is sold by all Chemists. Beware of substitutes, all of which are inferior in composition and strength. Insist on having "Condy's Fluid."

SANGLI NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

SANGLI, FEB. 5.

NEARLY half the Sangli State is affected by famine conditions, and several Relief Works have been opened. The total number on relief up-to-date is about 1,000, but these figures are likely to be soon seriously augmented. It is surprising, indeed, considering the bad state of three of the talukas, that a much larger number have not already sought relief, but the fact seems to be that the distress has not yet reached the level, when people readily accept the wages of the Famine Code. That point should be reached about the middle of March.

The work of construction of the Sangli State Railway has not yet been taken in hand, but it is hoped that a commencement will be made in the near future. The site of the station has been altered, and it will now be located nearer the heart of the town on the open ground in front of the hospital. A large plot of ground immediately adjoining the station site has been reserved for the use of traders, who will thereby be enabled to erect their godowns within a few yards of the goods shed.

There was hardly any plague in the town this year, and it is to be hoped that next year will see the town absolutely free from this awful pest. The newly founded Sangli Cricket Club has already a fairly long roll of members, and seems on the high road to success. It fulfils a long felt want and is deserving of every encouragement.

The Political Agent, Kolhapur, and S. M. C. has lately been in camp in the neighbourhood, but has now left for Mudhol and Jamkhandi.

As far as the official world is concerned Sangli is very empty just now. The Administrator is touring in the famine districts. The Chief Revenue Officer is in Mangalvedha, while his Assistant, Mr Tabib, is on tour in Kuchi and Miraj Prant talukas. The Chief Medical Officer, Superintendent of Police and Educational Inspector are all at present in Shirhatti.

As usual Sangli sent its delegates to the Congress; Messrs. Abhyanker, Maiaker and Patwardhan having gone to Benares in December last. Their arduous labours completed, they enjoyed a small pleasure tour in Northern India before returning to Sangli.

The latest recruit to the already rather over-crowded ranks of the Press has made its appearance in the neighbourhood in the shape of the "Vidur," a Mahratti paper, whose object is, I understand, to raise the level of the literary standard of the local Press. Judging by a list of its contributors it should not at any rate fall into any legal errors in the course of its career.

PRESIDENCY RIFLE SHOOTING.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, FEB. 5.

In the afternoon, the ranges were busily engaged in team competition. The flank guard contest was won by the Leicesters by 52 points, the East Lancers with 50 points coming second, and the Connaught Rangers third with 48 points. But the Connaught Rangers experienced a piece of bad luck which cost them a prize. They were short of one man, and had to fire with ten instead of eleven. The result of the shooting was as follows:—

Match, 57 Native championship, 800 yards:—Naik Bala Sawant, 110th Infantry, 35 points, Rs. 30; Subedar Yanjasing, 34th Infantry, 35 points, Rs. 25; Sepoy Saran Dalvi, 108th Infantry, 34 points, Rs. 20; Naik Shaik Yassim, 110th Infantry, 34 points, Rs. 10; Sepoy Syed Kadim, 3rd Sappers and Miners, 34 points Rs. 10.

Match 3, Rossiter Memorial Cup won by the 28th Lancers, the team composed of Captains Lovett Harbard and Lambert. In 200 yards, 86 points were scored, in 500 yards 85 points and in 800 yards 78 points, total 253 points. The second team, the 125th Rifles came second with 252 points. The other teams which competed were the 1st York and Lancasters, 247 points; 1st Leicesters, 235 points and 2nd East Lancashires, 224 points.

Match 9, flank guard contest:—The Major-General Richardson prize won by the 1st Leicesters by 52 points, Rs. 100. Also competed the 2nd East Lancashires, 50 points; 2nd Connaught Rangers, 49 points; the Royal Scots, 46 points, and the 1st B. B. and C. I. Vols., 34 points.

Match 47, flank guard contest:—108th Infantry, 66 points Rs. 100; 104th Wellesley Rifles 47 points Rs. 50; and 94th Russell's Infantry, 44 points, Rs. 25. Also competed, the 120th Rajputana Infantry, 35 points; 114th Mahrattas, 34 points; 125th Napier Rifles, 33 points; 109th Pioneers, 32 points; the 109th Infantry, 30 points, and 44th Merwara Infantry, 28 points.

Match 30, Shikani stakes:—Lieutenants Beyts and James, points 12 each, won Rs. 25 each.

Match 11, Wanowree stakes, won by the 1st Leicesters, 23 points, Rs. 100. Also competed the Connaught Rangers, 17 points; the East Lancs, 13 points, and the 1st B. B. and C. I. Vols. 13 points.

Match 46, the Wanowree stakes, won by the 114th Mahrattas, 23 points, Rs. 100; 44th Merwari Infantry, 13 points, Rs. 50; and 103th Infantry, 18 points, Rs. 25.

COUNTRY LIQUORS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In consequence of the introduction of the Tariff Act, it appears that the prices on brandies and whiskies, and other foreign liquors and wines has been raised. The Act it is given out, has been introduced in order to discourage the importation and consumption of foreign or European wines, spirits, and liquors with a view to encourage the manufacture and consumption of country liquors and spirits also with a view to promote the cause of temperance. Whether the alleged object will be attained by the said legislative measure, I leave it for your readers to come to such conclusion thereon as they may. I do not think, however, that the Act does any good to Indians worth mentioning either to consumers or producers, inasmuch as they have to pay more for European articles, which have so to say, become indispensable in their domestic and family economies, whereas the country liquors are being sold at high prices and their purity and genuineness are not guaranteed. As to Europeans they will have their national beverages, and being a rich Community, a couple of annas on each bottle is less than even a flea bite. What Government should do is to improve the quality of country liquors and sell them at fair prices.—Yours, &c.,

TARIFF ACT AND INDIA'S LOSS.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a.m., yesterday, give the following results:—

Wards.	Plague Attacks.	Plague Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort (Southern and Esplanade ...	4	2	9
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri ...	7	5	31
C Market, Bhoiwada, Talao, Panaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao and Kumbharwada ...	5	4	22
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahaluxmi ...	0	0	4
E Mazagon, Tarwady, 2nd Nagpada, Kamathipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada ...	3	2	33
F Parel, Sewree and Sion ...	0	0	12
G Mahim and Worli ...	2	2	17
Water Division ...	0	0	0
North-Resident and Unknown	0	0	0
Hospitals ...	0	0	8
Total ...	21	15	133
Total plague deaths to date ...	305,161	2,30,139	
Same date last year ...	81	70	195

FIRST CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Batty presided at the Bombay Criminal Sessions yesterday, and the following cause was heard before his lordship and a Special Jury.

MURDER OF A NEWLY-BORN CHILD.

Fatma, woman was charged with committing the murder of her newly-born female child on the 17th December last. The Hon. Mr. Raikes, Advocate General, instructed by Mr. Nicholson, Public Prosecutor, appeared for the Crown, Mr. Faiz. B. Tyabjee defended the accused. The following gentlemen were empanelled on the

SPECIAL JURY.

Mr. S. A. Nathan, Foreman.

Mr F P Williams	Mr Framji B Master
Mr Bhasker M Pandit	Mr Sorabji E Warden
Mr W Kirk	Mr Jamsetjee P Kapadia
Mr Anandrao N Dabholkar	Mr E H Coutts

The Advocate-General opened the case for the Crown. He said that this case as every case in which life was involved, was a serious one, the offence having been committed in regard to a child which lived only one day, and therefore there could be no provocation or some such other question before the jury to complicate the issue. Accused had been living in intimacy with one Syed, in the chawl known as the Nawab's, in Glider Street. About three months ago she left the chawl, apparently to take some sort of domestic service in a place in Umarkhadi, but she continued occasionally to revisit the chawl. On 17th December, she came to the chawl and went to the room of one Banubai woman. She told her she was in pains, and shortly after gave birth to a female child. Banubai called Jani woman, widow of one Mahadev and a midwife and the latter rendered what assistance she could to mother and child. The two women tried to persuade the accused to stay with the child for sometime. At 8 o'clock in the evening, accused gave the birth to the child; an hour after she left the chawl and went away. She met in the street Abdul Mahomed Sharif, who knew her, and who spoke to her. She would not answer him; her behaviour attracted his attention. He went to the Nawab's chawl, saw the woman there, and went to the house accused had been serving in at Umarkhadi. She made certain statements to him; on those statements Abdul Gani gave information to the Police, she was arrested and taken to the hospital. Search was made for the missing child first in the Grant Road Cemetery, where nothing was found. After a further interview, search was made in a place close to the house in Umarkhadi where the body of the child was found. There was a plug of cloth thrust down the child's throat, the child had died of suffocation. Dr. Grayfoot; in his medical evidence, would say that. The child's body and the piece of cloth, were afterwards identified by the two women, Banu and Jani. On these facts the only question for the jury to determine would be, whether they were satisfied that this woman Fatma, the accused under trial, put an end to the child's life. There was no doubt that the child's life had been put an end to; there was no suggestion that anyone else had any interest in causing the child's death. If the jury arrived at the conclusion that she was guilty, they would convict her of murder. It would be for his Lordship to award the punishment. The jury had only to see that a crime had been committed, and if they came to the conclusion that this woman had intentionally put an end to the child's life, they would find her guilty of the crime of murder.

Evidence was then led for the prosecution.

In answer to the Court at the conclusion of evidence for the prosecution, the accused said she was unconscious, the child was crying, and she did not know where she put the piece cloth, whether in the child's mouth or outside of it. She would leave her case in the hands of her counsel.

Mr. Faiz addressed the jury on behalf of the accused. He asked where was the motive of the mother killing her own child in an unnatural and inhuman manner. Accused being a fallen woman, some of the witnesses in the case were incensed against her and like busybodies that they were, they meddled in matters which in no way concerned them, with the avowed object of bringing her into trouble and peril. The jury had to consider the delicate state of health the accused was in, which invariably affected the female constitution in a greater or a lesser degree, according to the circumstances operating one way or other. Such women always merited sympathy, and in bringing up their verdict the jury would be pleased to bear in mind that her action being due to an involuntary and unintentional act on her part, while she was yet very weak, and from her recent pains and trouble, and would accordingly strongly recommend her to mercy.

In his charge to the jury, his Lordship reminded them their verdict would be inferential on the circumstances, but then they had to consider what motive could the witnesses for the prosecution have in setting up a false case against the accused.

Without leaving the box, the jury announced a unanimous verdict of guilty against the accused, and recommended her to mercy.

The Judge: Prisoner at the Bar, you have been convicted by a unanimous verdict of the jury of an offence which admits only of two sentences. Taking into consideration the strong recommendation to mercy given by the gentlemen of the jury, and the circumstance which no doubt deprived you to some extent of your cool judgment and good feeling, the Court sentences you to the lesser of these punishments—Transportation for life.

The Sessions were then adjourned till 11-30 this morning.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT-COL. E. FERRERS NICHOLSON, V. D. COMMANDING.

Camp Bombay, Santa Cruz, 7th February, 1906.

97 Thursday the 8th instant.

Detail—Captain for the day—Capt B H Howell
Battalion Orderly Sergt—Sergt H A Sharp "D" Coy.
Battalion Orderly Corpl—Corpl Jolly "E" Coy.
Quarter Guard—Cr-Sergt P H Sunday "E" Coy.
Quarter Guard—L.-Corpl C M Ward "E" Coy. and 6 Volunteers of "E" Coy.

Parade—There will be Commanding Officer's Parade at 7 a m. A tactical scheme will be handed to the Commander on parade.

The Annual Sports of the Battalion will take place at Santa Cruz commencing at 4-30 p m.

By Order,
G. D. PRICE, Captain,
Adjutant B. V. R

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS, BY LT.-COL. LOUIS P. RUSSELL COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, February 7.

DRILLS

No. 1 Coy.—10th R M L Gun Drill in the Town Hall Compound to-morrow, (Thursday) the 8th instant at 5-45 p m.

No. 2 Coy.—10th R M L Gun Drill and lectures at Nesbit Road, Head-Quarters to-morrow, (Thursday) the 8th instant at 8-30 p m.

PRACTICE.

The Corps will parade at the B V A Club, Apollo Bander on Saturday, the 10th instant at 5 p m, and proceed to Colaba North Fort to continue the practice from the 10th R M L

(Sd) A SIFFE, Capt R A
Adjut B V A

THE OPIUM REVENUE.

The following is the Opium Revenue to date compared with the Estimates for the year 1905-1906:—

Latest Month.

Presidency.	Estimate.	Actual.	Better than Estimate.	Worse than Estimate.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
In January 1906— Bengal ...	56,00,000	61,82,000	5,82,000	.....
In December 1905— Bombay ...	8,00,000	10,17,900	2,17,900	.....
Total ...	64,00,000	71,99,900	7,99,900	.....

3 Sales of Bengal opium and 2 months' pass duty in opium exported from Bombay:—

Presidency.	Estimate.	Actual.	Better than Estimate.	Worse than Estimate.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
To end of January 1905— Bengal ...	5,60,00,000	5,91,07,610	31,07,610	.....
To end of December 1905— Bombay ...	96,00,000	71,24,400	.....	24,75,600
Total ...	6,56,00,000	6,56,00,000	6,32,010	.....

THE Russian Press does not appear to be too well informed, even about Russia. In connection with the decision to electrify the St. Petersburg tramways, the municipality gave a contract to the Westinghouse Company, who had duly submitted the lowest tender, for the supply of the necessary cables. The Press, thereupon, raised a vigorous cry against placing orders with foreigners until a member of the municipality pointed out that the only Russian works that could have manufactured the cables had been bought several years ago by a Berlin firm.

HERE, THERE AND EVERYWHERE.

THERE was, then, a time in that election when not merely did the Liberal majority seem in danger, but there was every prospect of a crushing defeat. Mr. Morley in his Life of Gladstone presents an interesting analysis of the early days of the campaign. At the end of four days the Liberals in England and Wales had scored 93 against 109 for their adversaries. Where the Conservatives had not captured seats they had greatly increased their totals. Then came the backward swing of the pendulum. By the time that two-thirds of the House had been elected, the Liberals had made good their losses; they now counted 136 against the 179 of their opponents. There had been a panic at the outset, but now in boroughs of over 100,000 they had carried seventeen against eight for the Conservatives. And when all came to be totalled the Liberal Party had a majority over Conservatives of eighty-two, or thirty fewer than in the great victory of 1880. The political pendulum swings to and fro during an election as well as between election and election.

From defeat to victory—that is necessarily the thought of the statesman who is overthrown in one of these great movements of excited electors. When Glandstone dateated from Oxford University to South Lancashire, "unmuzzled," he told those about to nominate him, "I have no complaint to make of the party which refused me the resumption of that place. I cannot say that I am glad of it, but they are the majority, and they have used their power. As they have used it, I appeal to you, the men of my native county, to know whether that which has disqualified me from representing the University of Oxford has also disabled me from representing you." The point was to get back to Parliament. He felt, as Mr. Balfour feels it was a bitter thing to be parted from those for whom he had so long laboured. "I have loved the University of Oxford with a deep and passionate love, and as long as I breathe that attachment will continue. Could they have returned me by a majority of one, painful as it is to a man of my time of life, and feeling the weight of public affairs, to be incessantly struggling for his seat, nothing could have induced me to quit that University." He was returned for South Lancashire two days later, lowest on the poll.

Well, this may not be business, but the new Postmaster-General is certainly very courteous, said a rural postmaster the other day. A message had just come over his wire from a great official at St. Martin's-le-Grand announcing that the candidates nominated in the local man's division were Messrs. So-and-So that the polling had been fixed for a certain date, and that he might expect to hear the result at such an hour. Only this and nothing more. Most courteous and considerate, so he was so good of the new Postmaster-General. But a peep into the official handbook which each postmaster keeps at his elbow explained the mystery, the notice from headquarters was only the formal notification which must be sent out in order that the man on the spot may post up the notice in his window. There is however, one real reform in progress at the G.P.O., whether as the result of Mr. Buxton's orders of Lord Stanly's is not apparent. Devolution is the word. Local offices, instead of having to wait until their stock of stamps is nearly exhausted, then send for £10 worth at a time from headquarters may now get in £20 worth when they want them from a local depot. Other stores are to be obtained from the same sources. The saving of time and labour at St. Martin's-le-Grand is enormous as the outcome of this simple reform.

Judges owe it to a lady that they are free to appear in their own hair in private. Lady Eldon objected to the judicial wig in the domestic circle, so her lord successfully petitioned the King to discontinue its use. Hair powder went out in even more curious fashion. Pitt taxed the heads which wore it and the owners of those heads were worth. Determined to defeat the purpose of the tax they took the simplest and shortest cut to success—they forswore hair powder. Somebody once said that if eggs cost a guinea apiece we should think them the finest thing in the world. It was just so with hair powder. The passive registers killed its use from the day the tax was imposed. Nowadays judges and footmen have it to themselves and nobody envies them.

Portraits of candidates, we are told, have lost their value in election contests. Men elected for the first time will be surprised, then, when they receive polite invitations from famous photographers to sit free of cost, for their photos. Gratified by this recognition of his eminence, the new member will consent, and in return receive a number of portraits in which the retoucher has made him more handsome than ever he had known himself to be. Where, he may wonder, is the photographer's consideration? Why should he do this thing? Is it patriotism or personal admiration of the subject? It is simply sound business. The illustrated papers may want the portrait now or at some future time—possibly a dozen times. On each occasion that that portrait is published the photographer gets half a guinea from the paper.

They order these things differently in France. There, next to his election, the most important business which occupies the President at the outset of his term of office is the getting himself into his happiest expression for the portrait by which he shall be known to the world. As soon as the President has been escorted back from Versailles to Paris, the Minister for the Interior waits upon him and humbly asks that he will consent to sit for his portrait; that it may be reproduced, distributed and exhibited in the forty thousand communes of France and Algeria. In every polling booth, in every registry office, in every place where authority is represented, there is a portrait of the President.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

Aproximate return of traffic for week ended 20th Jan. 1906, on 504·35 miles open.

	Ossening Traffic Receipts	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (estimated.)	Total Earnings
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total traffic for the week ...	1,17,000	2,70,000	4,000	3,91,000
Or per mile of Railway ...	232	535	8	775
For previous 2 weeks of half-year,	2,30,000	4,8 ,000	8,000	7,25,000
Total for 3 weeks...	3,47,000	7,57,000	12,000	11,16,000
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	1,36,693	2,41,756	2,325	3,80,754
Per mile of Ry. do.	271	47 !	5	755
Total to corresponding date do. ...	3,57,802	7,01,43	12,47	11,14,869

Increase for the week ... Rs. 10,236
Do. to date ... " 1.2

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Covered from Head to Foot with Humours—Forty Boils on Head at One Time—Could Not Shut Eyes to Sleep—Doctors Did No Good.

CURED BY CUTICURA IN ONE MONTH

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The suffering which Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment have alleviated among the young, and the comfort they have afforded worn-out and worried parents, have led to their adoption in countless homes as priceless curatives for birth humours, milk crust, scalled head, eczemas, rashes, and every form of itching, scaly, pimply skin, and scalp humours, with loss of hair, of infancy and childhood. A warm bath with Cuticura Soap, and a single anointing with Cuticura Ointment, purest and sweetest of emollients, will permit of sleep for baby, and rest for mother, and point to a speedy and permanent cure in the most distressing cases, from infancy to age.

Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills, are sold throughout the world. Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Australia, R. Towns & Co., Sydney. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Boston, U. S. A., Sole Props.

Send for "How to Cure Baby Humours." Mailed Free.

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WRITERS AND READERS.

THE Publishers' Circular started the New Year under new ownership with a new cover. The new owners, it should be explained, or a company of which the managing directors are Mr. E. Marston, Mr. Hallan Murray, Mr. H. H. Longman, Mr. H. W. Keay, and Mr. R. B. Marston, names of authority in the publishing world which guarantee the continuity of the paper's approved policy. The opening number contains the useful annual analysis of the last year's publications. The total of new books and new editions for the year was 8252, against the 8334 of 1904. The analytical table reveals of considerable increase over the preceding year in books about religion, art and science, and poetry and drama, a marked increase in belle-lettres, essays, a monographs, etc. and an increase on the other hand quite inconsiderable in fiction (including children's books), in jurisprudence, in travel, in history and biography. It shows a decline in books about education and political economy. In these two departments, the politicians have exhausted all the available national energy.

Messrs. Blackwood announce a monograph on William Pitt by Mr. Charles Whibley, appearing appropriately for the centenary of his death, which falls on the 23rd of this month. The "Times," which has anticipated me in the task of indicating for those interested in such matters the literary centenaries of the year, has remarked that this centenary can hardly be called a literary centenary. But the centenaries, which both occur this year, of the deaths of Pitt and Charles James Fox (September 13) may serve to remind us how far we are from the classic epoch of Parliamentary oratory. A political tercentenary of a grim kind also occurs this month. Guy Fawkes was executed on January 31, 1606.

Occupied as we all have been with elections it is pleasant to hear of a country where at any rate some of the elections are conducted without personalities, which seems nowadays—perhaps out of compliment to Japanese Alliance—to mean accusations against the candidate's ancestors, much booing, and the chucking-out of too persistent hecklers. This happy state of things is, according to M. Franc-Nohain, to be found at the Senatorial election in France, where there are only eight hundred delegates to be wooed instead of the twelve thousand or more electors whom it is necessary to canvas before the aspirant can get a seat in the Chamber of Deputies. It is true that the would-be Senator has to write a personal letter to each of his eight hundred, but this, with the help of secretaries, is soon done, and sometimes leads to the opportunity for small amenities as when the candidate is seized with qualms that his former letters were insufficiently stamped, and therefore encloses, as in a case which M. Franc-Nohain quotes, a small sum in postage stamps to each elector. The counting of votes, too, which with us gives such a long and unpleasant period of suspense, does not take long with so small an electorate, and both elected and rejected may be sure of knowing their respective fates before sitting down to dinner. And, then, the reward of the successful combatant? For nine years he will have no constituents to brother about, a dignified and peaceful place of retreat in the Luxembourg, to which he need not go oftener than he likes, and about £1 a day. When the elector—or it may be, if the Fates are propitious, the rejected—of Battersea succeeds in abolishing all hereditary distinctions, what pushing and scrambling there will be for similar places in England.

We hear a good deal nowadays of the respective positions of the English and German workman, and some politicians have even asserted that the last-named is fed entirely on horse-flesh. If so, it seems to agree with him, if we trust the evidence of a bouquet of short stories lately contributed by artisans and handicraftsmen to a mutual improvement society in Gesmany, who offered a prize for the best effort of the imagination. In one of these, which was proxime accessit, the author-workman draws the most idyllic picture of a happy village where everybody is content, where there are no scolding wives or tyrannous masters, and where nearly everyone lives happily by the work of his hands, and goes to bed at ten o'clock. In this Eden there is, of course, a snake in the person of one Zacharie, who has sold himself to the devil in exchange for a knowledge of science which does him no good, and only keeps him awake all night. The devil inspires him to reduce the rest of the village to his own miserable condition, but his efforts are unavailing, until it is revealed to him that he will succeed if he can persuade one of the younger villagers to travel for ten years and then to settle down again in the place to disturb the minds of his compatriots with his stories of the outer world. Zacharie accordingly seduces one Frantz to accompany him on his wanderings, but is defeated by the devotion of Franiz's young woman, who has an aunt who is also a bit of a witch, and who gives her a magic ring. Armed with this, she seeks her betrothed at the first public-house where he and his sorcer put up—an unromantic incident, this—kisses the ring, and, presto! they are both back in the village again, and Zacharie is left to rejoin his master. The literary merit of story is mediocre but if the German workman is really as contented and as stay at-home as all that; it is no wonder that he is satisfied to make articles for dumping.

Another sort of workman is General Lettow-Vorbeck, who, under the title Napoleon's Untergan, has published a critical and professional study of the Waterloo campaign. It was this, test General Zurlinden, who reviews the book, which furnished the text for the Kaiser's somewhat tactless outburst some months ago, when he declared that it was the Germans and not the English who won the battle of Waterloo. General Lettow will have none of the theory that Napoleon's mental powers had deteriorated in 1815, and declares that while his tactical dispositions were as brilliant as ever, he showed the same weakness in strategy as he did at Jena, where he did not pursue till twelve o'clock on the day after the battle. Had he been more prompt after Ligny, General Lettow thinks, Grouchy must have discovered that the Prussians were retreating on Wavre, and must then have prevented Blucher from marching towards on Waterloo and from giving the English that assistance, without which, General Lettow is sure, they must have succumbed. But he omits to notice the Iron Duke's statement that he could always have thrown himself into the forest of Soignies, and have held out there till help came.

It is interesting to here that Mr. Guy Thorne, the author of When it was Dark, is to have an answer to his theories published very shortly. It must be remembered—and the fact is too often lost sight of—that an enormous number of readers does not mean an enormous number of sympathisers. There are plenty of folk who have read the first book, and by no means agree with its doctrines. Mr. John Long is about to publish When it was Light, by a well-known author, the sale of whose books are reckoned in tens of thousands, and one would think that Audi alteram partem would be a good motto for the title page. Nothing promotes so much excitement as a religious controversy. Here we are promised one which should prove very exciting indeed.

The "Times" does not mention the tercentenary of Edmund Waller, which was indeed, in some form observed last year. Yet the "Dictionary of National Biography and Waller's learned editor in the Muses Library, give March 3, 1606, as the date of Waller's birth. The "Times" also omits the centenary of the famous Irish novelist, Charles Lever, who was born, unless I am mistaken on August 31, 1806. The young Irish writers of the Celtic renascence reject Lever's jovial Irishmen but that is no reason that less serious readers should not have a grateful memory of the creator of so many rollicking scenes of Irish fun and frolic. Finally Messrs. Smith, Elder's announcement of a Woman of Wit and Wisdom the new book of Miss Ganssen author of A Later Pepys, reminds us that February 19 is the centenary of the death of Mrs. Elizabeth Carter the friend of Samuel Johnson. A man, said the greater doctor, is in general better pleased when he has a good dinner upon his table than when his wife talks Greek. My old friend Mrs. Carter could make a pudding as well as translate Epictetus.

Schools and the schoolmaster are coming more and more into bookland. Mr. Elliot Stock announces a new work by Mr. Tom Collins, entitled School and Sport, giving the life-experiences of a head-master. Messrs. Hodder and Stoughton are publishing now opportunely a work on tariff by the able French publicist M. Yves Guyot, entitled The Comedy of Protection, in which he attacks the policies of both Mr. Balfour and Mr. Chamberlain, and deals with the German Zollverein. Another book on the war between Russia and Japan is forthcoming. It is by Mr. William Maxwell who was with General Kuroki from the Yalu to the Shaho. It is about to be published by Messrs. Hutchinson. M. Gustave Simon, a son of Jules Simon has been appointed to succeed Paul Maurice as literary executor of Victor Hugo. He had been acting as Maurice's assistant. He will act as editor of the new edition of the works in forty volumes of which only four have so far been issued.

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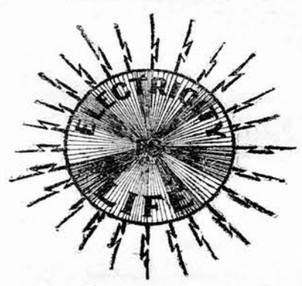

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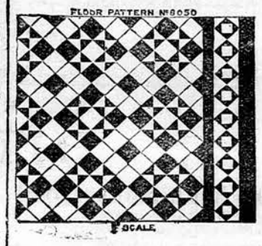

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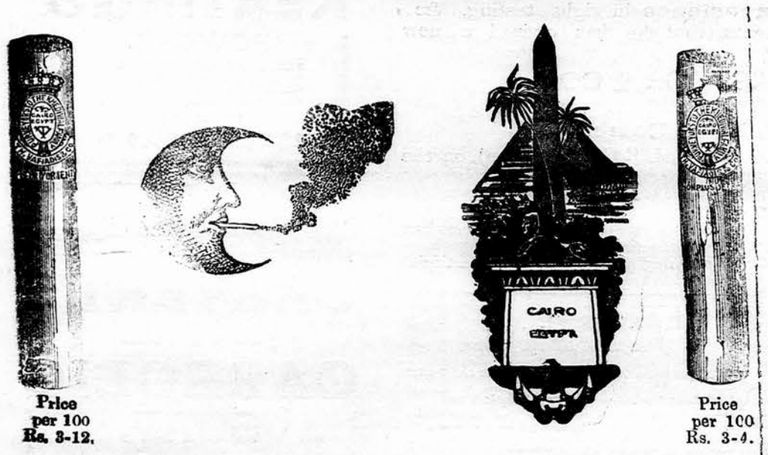

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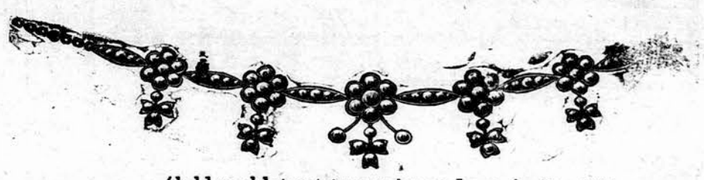
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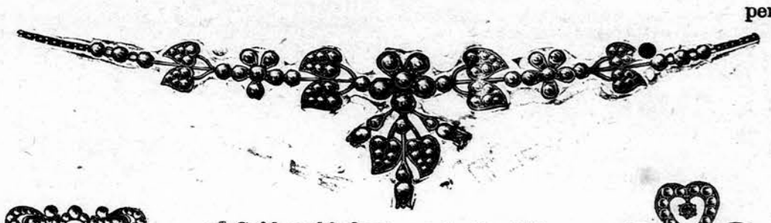
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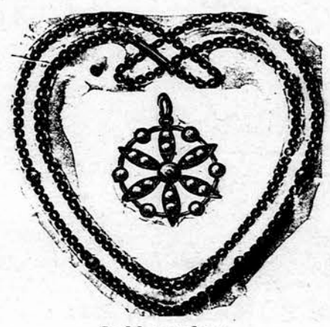
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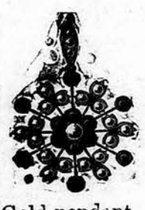
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Gold pendant set pearls, Rs. 38.

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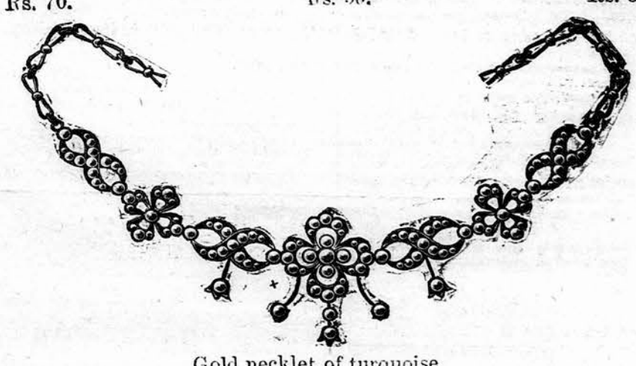
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